

## **Contract Reporting & Oversight**

PRESENTED TO THE HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD STAFF

**FEBRUARY 2017** 

## PRESENTATION OVERVIEW

- Trends in Reporting and State Contracting
- Issues Impacting Reporting, and Options to Address
- LBB and QAT Contract Oversight
- Issues Impacting Contract Oversight, and Options to Address

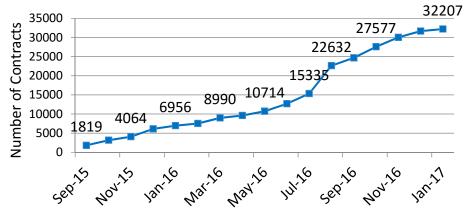
## TRENDS: CONTRACT REPORTING

The updated Contracts Database has been populated by state agencies and institutions of higher education since 09/01/2015.

While some reporting is incomplete, as of 1/30/2017:

- 164 reporting entities
- Over 32,000 contracts submitted
- \$95.3 billion in contracts reported

### **Number of Contracts Reported to LBB Database**

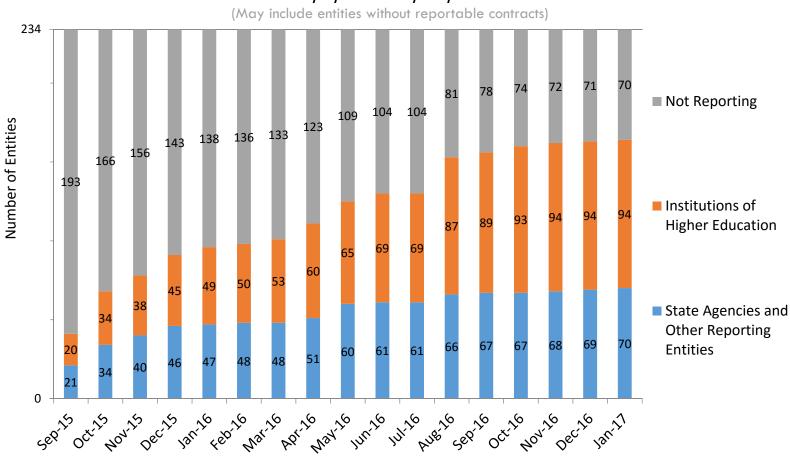


#### **Value of Contracts Reported to LBB Database**



## TRENDS: CONTRACT REPORTING

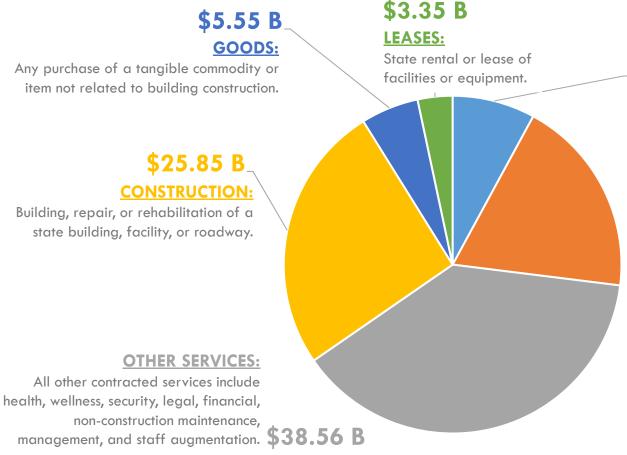
# OVERALL CONTRACT REPORTING ACTIVITY 9/1/15 to 1/30/17



## TRENDS: TYPES OF CONTRACTS

### **VALUE OF CONTRACTS BY TYPE, IN BILLIONS\***

(Based on National Institute of Government Purchasing codes reported through 1/30/17)



\$7.96 B

#### **INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY:**

Data processing and telecommunications hardware, software, services, supplies, personnel, facility resources, maintenance, and training.

\$19.11 B

#### PROFESSIONAL/CONSULTING:

Professional Services include Accounting, Architecture, Landscape Architecture, Land Surveying, Professional Engineering, Real Estate Appraising, Physician, Optometric, and Nursing services. Consulting includes advising a state agency under a contract that does not involve the traditional relationship of employer and employee.

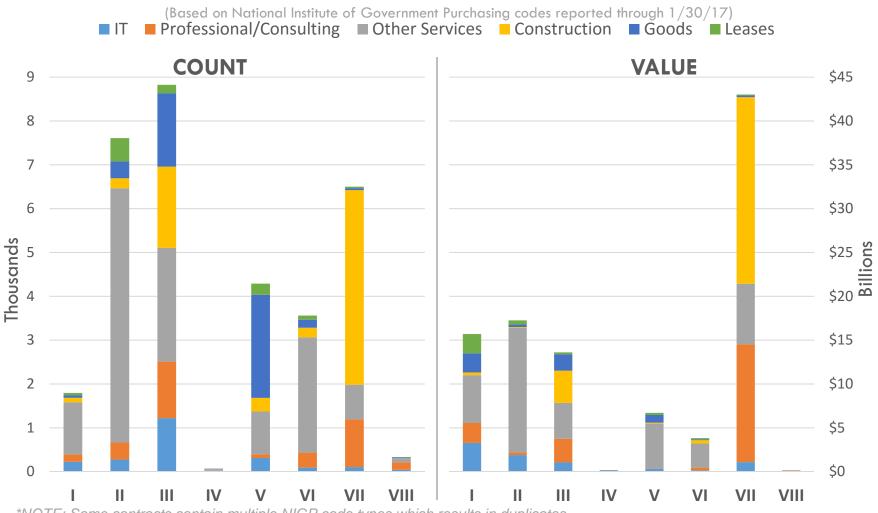
\*NOTE: Some contracts contain multiple NIGP code types which results in duplicates

February 14, 2017

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD ID: 3747

## TRENDS: TYPES OF CONTRACTS

### **CONTRACTS BY TYPE AND GAA ARTICLE\***



\*NOTE: Some contracts contain multiple NIGP code types which results in duplicates
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## CONTRACT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

# Several provisions require agencies and institutions of higher education to report contracts to the LBB:

TYPE OF CONTRACT	VALUE THRESHOLD	REPORTING TIMEFRAME	LOCATION
Professional or Consulting Services	> \$14,000	10 days after award	2254.006, 2254.0301 Government Code
Construction	> \$14,000	10 days after award	2166.2551 Government Code
Major Information Systems	> \$100,000	10 days after award	2054.008 Government Code
All	> \$50,000	End of fiscal year	GAA Article IX, Sec 7.04
Non-Competitive/Sole Source	> \$1,000,000	10 days before payment	GAA Article IX, Sec 7.12
Emergency	> \$1,000,000	48 hours after payment	GAA Article IX, Sec 7.12
All	> \$10,000,000	10 days before payment	GAA Article IX, Sec 7.12

SOURCE: Legislative Budget Board.

Note: The Government Code requirements are subject to numerous exceptions and exemptions, However, the GAA provisions apply to all entities receiving appropriations, regardless of method of finance or source of funds used for the contract.

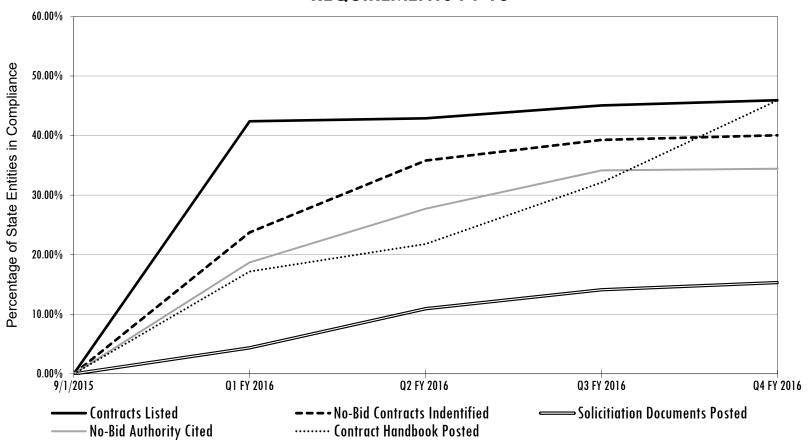
## **SB 20 CONTRACT POSTING REQUIREMENTS**

The Government Code, as amended by SB 20, requires state agencies and institutions of higher education to post the following on their individual websites:

- List of contracts with signed contract documents
- Solicitation (RFP) documents for competitively-procured contracts
- List of non-competitively procured contracts, along with the statutory justification for each non-competitive procurement
- Contract management and risk management guide

## **SB 20 CONTRACT POSTING REQUIREMENTS**

## COMPLIANCE RATE OF GAA ENTITIES WITH SB 20 POSTING REQUIREMENTS FY 16



## CONTRACT REPORTING CONSOLIDATION

The following options are presented in the LBB staff report "Consolidate Contract Reporting Requirements to Increase Statutory Compliance and Improve Transparency"

- Consolidate multiple existing requirements into one
- Establish standardized timeframe and value thresholds.
- Clarify definition of contract
- Make Contracts Database the state's single repository of contracts

Some of these could be implemented through General Appropriations Act riders, while others would require statutory change.

## **OVERSIGHT: LBB STAFF IN-DEPTH REVIEWS**

Contracts executed by agencies and institutions of higher education across all GAA Articles have been reviewed.

Reviews are driven by various risk factors, including:

- project cost
- growth over time
- complexity
- issues identified by other oversight entities

## **OVERSIGHT: LBB STAFF IN-DEPTH REVIEWS**

Preliminary LBB staff observations following initial contract reviews and interaction with agencies and institutions of higher education:

- There is not always ready access to documentation related to a vendor's selection, notably "best value" standards and selection criteria.
  - · Vendor evaluation does not always follow established procedures.
- Risk to the state is often introduced during the solicitation and contract formulation phases of procurement.
  - Major procurements for services do not always compete on price.
- Amendments and change orders can introduce significant risk, leading to scope creep and cost increases.
  - Poor planning results in increased but avoidable costs for the state.

## **OVERSIGHT: QUALITY ASSURANCE TEAM**

LBB staff contract oversight compliments the work of the Quality Assurance Team (QAT). QAT consists of representatives from the LBB, the SAO, and DIR.

QAT monitors information resource projects whose development costs exceed \$1 million, or as designated by the Legislature. Monitoring includes:

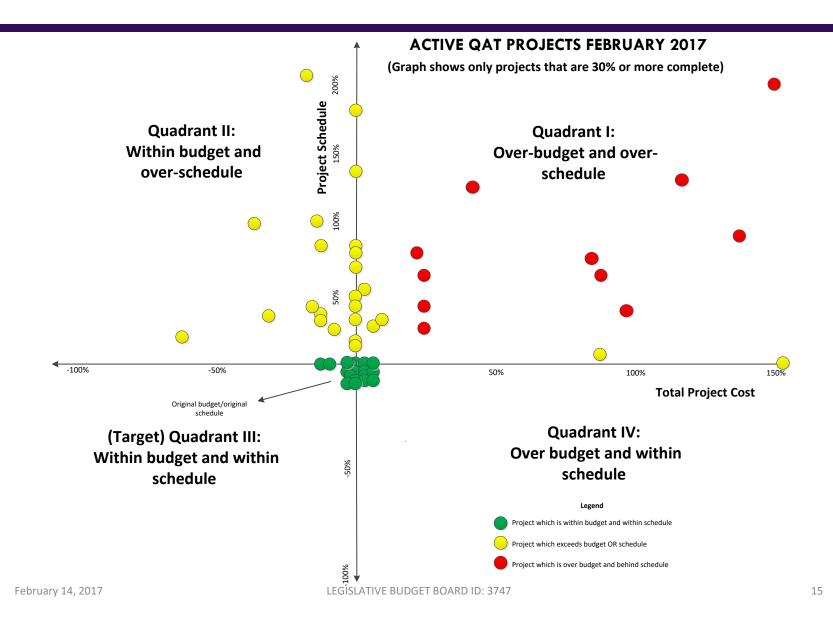
- Reviewing project risks and approving the expenditure of appropriated funds
- Reporting to state leadership on the status of projects
- Requesting detailed project information, QAT Framework deliverable updates, audits, or assistance as necessary
- Reviewing and approving of contract amendments whose costs exceed 10 percent of the contract amount

## **OVERSIGHT: QAT PROJECTS BY ARTICLE**

ARTICLE	NUMBER OF PROJECTS	TOTAL VALUE (in millions)	AVERAGE VALUE (in millions)	AVERAGE DURATION (in years)	LONGEST DURATION (in years)
	15	\$553.8	\$63.8	2.2	9.3
II	34	\$444.4	\$13.1	2.2	9.0
	1	\$114.9	\$114.9	5.6	5.6
V	8	\$51.1	\$6.4	2.1	3.3
VI	2	\$3.6	\$1.8,	2.0	2.0
VII	18	\$159.9	\$8.9	2.1	6.6
VIII	2	\$6.1	\$3.0	2.7	2.7

QAT currently monitors 80 major information resources projects totaling \$1.3 billion.

## **OVERSIGHT: QAT PROJECTS BY RISK**



## **OVERSIGHT: ISSUES IN CONTRACTING**

Gaps in preliminary reviews on the highest risk contracts

Contract Advisory Team recommendations are non-binding and lack a mechanism for regular monitoring

Contract oversight efforts are limited to certain points in contract development and execution

Contracting best practices are not consistently used

## **OVERSIGHT: PRELIMINARY REVIEWS**

### Gaps exist in preliminary reviews of contracts:

DELEGATED:	PLANNING	SOLICITATION	FORMATION	MANAGEMENT
IT	DIR (SOW \$50k-\$1m)			QAT (Amend. > 10%)
SERVICES		CAT		
CONSTRUCTION		(RFP > \$10m)		
COMMODITIES				



CAT: Contract Advisory Team

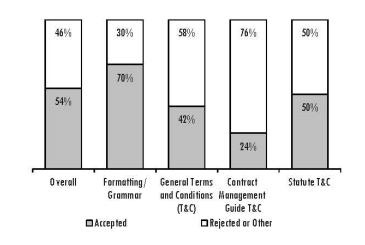
DIR: Department of Information Resources

IT: Information Technology RFP: Requests for Proposals QAT: Quality Assurance Team

## **OVERSIGHT: CONTRACT ADVISORY TEAM**

# Contract Advisory Team recommendations are non-binding and lack regular monitoring for implementation:

AGENCY ACCEPTANCE RATE OF STATE CONTRACT ADVISORY TEAM RECOMMENDATIONS SEPTEMBER 1, 2015, TO JUNE 29, 2016



Sources: Legislative Budget Board; Contract Advisory Team.

Statute requires an agency or institution of higher education to either implement CAT's findings, or to return a written response explaining why they are not applicable.

## **OVERSIGHT: OPTIONS**

## The following options are presented in the LBB staff report "Support and Enforce Contracting Best Practices"

- Require the Contract Advisory Team to share its reviews, as well as agency responses, with LBB staff to assist in monitoring.
- To address a gap in how the riskiest contracts are executed, enhance the Quality Assurance Team's review of Information Technology contracts valued over \$10 million.
- Codify LBB responsibilities to review contracts, submit recommendations, and pursue corrective action.
- In the event significant noncompliance with existing procurement rules, provide the Legislative Budget Board with a range of enforcement mechanisms based on existing statutory authorities.

Some of these could be implemented through General Appropriations Act riders, while others would require statutory change.



## Contact the LBB

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