

# **Annual Report on Major State Investment Funds**

Fiscal Year 2014



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Fiscal Year 2014

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

**DECEMBER 2015** 

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The fiscal year 2014 Annual Report on Major State Investment Funds presents the financial performance for Texas' major investment funds. The report includes the risk-adjusted returns for the funds, and other performance and background information for each of the funds. The investing agencies or institutions of higher education provided all the information in this report (see attachments in Appendix D). The only information the Legislative Budget Board (LBB) staff calculated is the risk-adjusted return and the five-year average total fund rate of return. The report does not include recommendations regarding portfolio allocations or current management practices. It is intended as an information resource only.

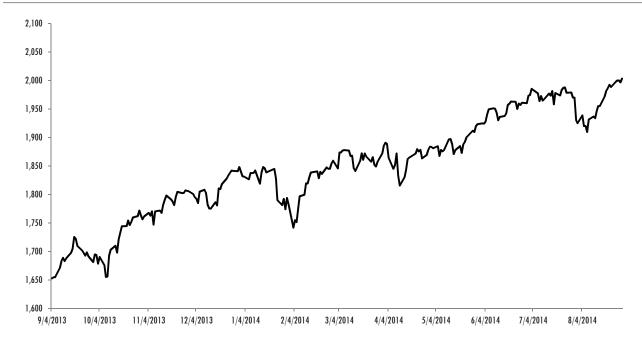
#### INVESTMENT ENVIRONMENT

Fiscal year 2014 was the fifth consecutive year the state investment funds operated in strongly favorable capital markets, with all 10 funds discussed in this report earning positive returns during the fiscal year. Domestic equity

markets increased steadily throughout the fiscal year; the three largest U.S. stock market indices, the Standard & Poor's 500 Index (S&P 500), the Dow Jones Industrial Average, and the NASDAQ Composite, rose by 22.7 percent, 15.4 percent, and 27.6 percent, respectively. **Figure 1** shows the S&P 500 for fiscal year 2014. In addition, international equities in both developed and emerging markets experienced strong growth throughout the fiscal year, with the MSCI World Index and the MSCI Emerging Markets Index increasing by 18.7 percent and 17.0 percent, respectively. **Figure 2** shows the fiscal year 2014 change in several indicators.

Beginning in January 2014, the Federal Reserve began the anticipated tapering of its quantitative easing policies. Specifically, the Fed gradually reduced the amount (in \$10 billion-per-month increments) of agency Mortgage-Backed Securities and long-term U.S. Treasury securities from \$85 billion per month in December 2013 until the purchases were completely eliminated by October 2014. After briefly

FIGURE 1 STANDARD & POOR'S 500 INDEX, FISCAL YEAR 2014



Source: Standard & Poor's.

FIGURE 2
FINANCIAL MARKET INDICATORS, FISCAL YEAR 2014

MARKET	INDICATOR	8/30/2013	8/29/2014	PERCENTAGE CHANGE
Domestic Equity	S&P 500	1,632.97	2,003.37	22.7%
Domestic Equity	DJIA	14,810.31	17,098.45	15.4%
Domestic Equity	NASDAQ	3,589.87	4,580.27	27.6%
International Equity	MSCI EAFE	1,697.34	1,924.62	13.4%
International Equity	MSCI World	1,472.74	1,748.69	18.7%
Emerging Markets Equity	MSCI Emerging Markets	929.54	1,087.88	17.0%
U.S. Treasuries	10-Year Yield	2.78%	2.35%	-43 bps
U.S. Corp. Debt	Bank of America–Merrill Lynch U.S. Corp. Master Total Return Index	2,367.56	2,590.55	9.4%
U.S. Dollar	Federal Reserve Trade Weighted U.S. Dollar Index: Broad (January 1997 = 100)	103.01	103.18	0.2%
Cash Equivalent	Annualized Yield 90-day T-Bill	0.03%	0.03%	0 bps
Oil Price	Brent Crude Spot (\$)	115.97	101.12	-12.8%
Price Inflation	CPI-U (fiscal year average)	232.0	235.7	1.6%
Note: Financial market index	es are presented on a price return basis.			

Note: Financial market indexes are presented on a price return basis. Source: St. Louis Federal Reserve Economic Data.

increasing on these actions, most long-term U.S. interest rates fell throughout the second half of the fiscal year. Tenyear Treasury yields closed fiscal year 2014 at 2.35 percent, down 43 basis points from the end of fiscal year 2013. In addition, 30-year, fixed mortgage rates and average investment-grade, corporate bond rates fell by 41 basis points and 56 basis points, respectively, during the fiscal year. U.S. consumer price inflation rose by 1.6 percent during the fiscal year, comfortably less than the Federal Reserve Bank's target rate, which enabled the bank to remain on its slow course in withdrawal of its recent accommodative monetary policy.

Currency markets remained relatively calm during fiscal year 2014. Despite initially decreasing during the first half of the year, the value of the U.S. dollar, as measured against a broad basket of international currencies, ended the fiscal year at nearly the same level it began, an increase of 0.2 percent for the year. Commodities, in particular crude oil, traded in a moderately tight range during the fiscal year. The price per barrel of Brent crude oil, a low-density crude oil, ended fiscal year 2014 trading at \$101.12, a decrease of 12.8 percent from the start of the year. Real estate investments provided a substantial gain for many of the state investment funds, with the market index for U.S. Real Estate Investment Trusts increasing by 24.0 percent during fiscal year 2014.

#### **ACRONYMS**

Acronyms used throughout this report follow:

• The University of Texas System: UT System

• Texas Education Agency: TEA

• General Land Office: GLO

· State Board of Education: SBOE

• School Land Board: SLB

• Employees Retirement System: ERS

Teacher Retirement System: TRS

• Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts: CPA

· Permanent School Fund: PSF

• Permanent University Fund: PUF

• Permanent Health Fund: PHF

• Tobacco Settlement Fund: TSF

Texas Guaranteed Tuition Plan Fund: TGTP

• Permanent Public Health Fund: PPHF

· National Research University Fund: NRUF

#### **ENDING MARKET VALUE**

The ending market value of the major investment funds included in this report for fiscal year 2014 was \$215.9 billion, which was \$24.3 billion, or 12.7 percent, more than the value of the funds at the end of fiscal year 2013. Changes in ending market values include investment returns, fund contributions, fund distributions, and expenses. The funds and their ending market values are shown in **Figure 3**.

FIGURE 3
ENDING MARKET VALUE OF MAJOR INVESTMENT FUNDS
FISCAL YEAR 2014

VALUE (IN BILLIONS)
\$132.2
\$30.8
\$3.9
\$26.1
\$17.4
\$1.1
\$2.4
\$1.1
\$0.3
\$0.7
\$215.9

Notes:

- (1) Totals might not sum due to rounding.
- (2) Permanent School Fund-General Land Office ending market values are based on Year Ending June 30, 2014.

Sources: Investing agencies and The University of Texas Investment Management Company.

#### **RATES OF RETURN**

The average rate of return for the funds in 2014 was 13.78 percent and ranged from 8.48 percent to 17.05 percent as shown in **Figure 4**.

The total fund rate of return used in this report is the gross time-weighted rate of return for all investments of each fund. The time-weighted rate is calculated before related investment expenses are deducted, and the rate is adjusted to eliminate the effect of timing of cash flows due to contributions and withdrawals. The five-year average rate of return is calculated using a geometric average of the annual rates of return for the five-year period, from fiscal years 2010 to 2014.

The annual rates of return reflect both income earned and change in fund value, without consideration of the risk of

FIGURE 4
MAJOR INVESTMENT FUNDS' TIME-WEIGHTED GROSS
RETURN, FISCAL YEAR 2014

	RATE OF RETURN	
FUND	TIME- WEIGHTED	BENCHMARK
Teacher Retirement System Pension Trust Fund	17.05%	16.18%
Permanent School Fund-TEA	15.94%	15.36%
Permanent School Fund-GLO	16.60%	10.62%
Employees Retirement System Pension Trust Fund	14.70%	15.00%
Permanent University Fund	15.43%	14.19%
Permanent Health Fund	14.75%	14.19%
Tobacco Settlement Permanent Trust Fund	11.96%	11.06%
Texas Guaranteed Tuition Plan Fund	8.48%	7.90%
Permanent Public Health Fund	11.28%	11.06%
National Research University Fund	11.60%	11.06%

#### Notes:

- (1) Benchmark-Adjusted Gross Returns were calculated by the agencies or institutions and are identified in the background information provided for each fund in Appendix B.
- (2) Each fund has different investment objectives and strategies, some required by law, that affect its benchmarks and performance.
- (3) Permanent School Fund–General Land Office rates of return are based on Year Ending June 30, 2014, and exclude cash and short-term securities related to unfunded capital commitments held at the State Treasury.

Sources: Investing agencies and The University of Texas Investment Management Company.

fund investments. **Figure 5** shows the average rates of return during five years.

#### **RISK-ADJUSTED RETURN**

The risk-adjusted return is a tool used to compare the performance of funds that have different types and proportions of assets, and quantifies a fund's return relative to its risk. The Sharpe ratio (defined in this section) determines the risk-adjusted return for each fund. As **Figure 6** shows, the ratios range from 1.153 to 1.789.

A risk-adjusted return is a single statistic that reflects both the return and volatility of returns across time. A generally accepted measure for computing the risk-adjusted return is the Sharpe ratio, developed by Nobel Laureate William Sharpe. The Sharpe ratio is often used to rank the risk-adjusted performance of various portfolios during the same period. The results of the Sharpe ratio indicate the

FIGURE 5 AVERAGE ANNUAL RATES OF RETURN FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

RATE OF RETURN
12.00%
11.30%
11.76%
10.40%
11.18%
10.87%
8.03%
7.10%
7.99%
N/A

Note: Each fund has different investment objectives and strategies, some required by law, that affect its benchmarks and performance. Permanent School Fund–General Land Office rates of return are based on a year ending June 30, 2010, to 2014.

Source: The average annual rate of return was determined using the time-weighted rate of return provided by the agencies.

FIGURE 6
RISK-ADJUSTED RETURN, FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

FUND	RATE OF RETURN (SHARPE RATIO)
Teacher Retirement System Pension Trust Fund	1.548
Permanent School Fund-TEA	1.250
Employees Retirement System Pension Trust Fund	1.234
Permanent University Fund-UTIMCO	1.789
Permanent Health Fund-UTIMCO	1.742
Tobacco Settlement Permanent Trust Fund	1.386
Texas Guaranteed Tuition Plan Fund	1.153
Permanent Public Health Fund	1.368
National Research University Fund	N/A

#### Note:

- (1) The Permanent School Fund–General Land Office (GLO) invests solely in real estate; therefore, it is not appropriate to use the GLO's risk-adjusted return as measured by the Sharpe Ratio in comparison to the other funds.
- (2) The rates of return used in the Sharpe Ratio calculations are the monthly rates of return provided by the investing agencies and The University of Texas Investment Management Company (UTIMCO).

Source: Investing agencies and The University of Texas Investment Management Company (UTIMCO).

amount of return (in excess of some risk-free level of return) earned per unit of risk.

The formula for the Sharpe ratio follows:

For example, a portfolio with an average annualized return of 10 percent during the past five years, the growth of which consistently, year after year, fell within a tight range of 7 percent to 12 percent, would reflect a higher (better) risk-adjusted return than another portfolio that averaged the same 10 percent annualized return, but varied wildly year to year (higher volatility), with returns ranging from losses of 20 percent to extraordinary gains of 50 percent. Risk-adjusted returns should only be calculated for a minimum period of three years because, for a single year, the statistic is unreliable. For purposes of this report, the Sharpe ratio is constructed for a five-year period of returns.

The Sharpe ratio is a figure used for comparative purposes, and it does not reflect different investment objectives and restrictions that legitimately produce different investment strategies and results for different funds.

The total return amounts used in the calculations were provided by the entities responsible for investing the funds. Each fund provided 60 monthly rates of return that were used to calculate the fund's return and standard deviation. The risk-free rate used for the calculation is the average of the monthly annualized yield of the 90-day Treasury Bill throughout the respective fiscal year. All rates come from the Federal Reserve Economic Database.

# USE OF EXTERNAL MANAGERS/ADVISORS FOR INVESTMENTS

Each of the funds varies in its use of external managers or advisors to invest its assets. **Figure** 7 shows the portion of assets managed internally and externally for fiscal year 2014.

FIGURE 7
PORTION OF ASSETS MANAGED INTERNALLY AND EXTERNALLY, FISCAL YEAR 2014

INTERNAL	EXTERNAL
72.0%	28.0%
48.2%	51.8%
13.7%	86.3%
63.0%	37.0%
5.1%	94.9%
4.3%	95.7%
0.0%	100.0%
0.0%	100.0%
0.0%	100.0%
0.0%	100.0%
	72.0% 48.2% 13.7% 63.0% 5.1% 4.3% 0.0% 0.0%

#### Notes:

- The University of Texas Permanent Health Fund assets are invested in The University of Texas System General Endowment Fund (GEF). The above percentages reflect the allocation of the GEF assets.
- (2) The Permanent School Fund–General Land Office percentages reflect the management of real estate only. Sources: Investing agencies and The University of Texas Investment Management Company.

# RATES OF RETURN FOR DOMESTIC EQUITY INVESTMENTS

Each of the funds has a significant amount invested in domestic equity investments. The benchmark for this asset group is the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Index. The S&P 500 Composite Index is the investment industry's standard for measuring the performance of actual portfolios. It is a market-value-weighted index of 500 large-cap stocks that are traded on either the New York Stock Exchange or the NASDAQ National Market System. In fiscal year 2014, the rate of return for the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Index was 22.68 percent. In addition to domestic equities, the funds invested varying proportions of their funds assets in global equities and private equity. Rates of return for these asset classes can be found in each fund's appendix.

**Figure 8** shows the rates of return for domestic equity investments for fiscal year 2014. If applicable, the rates are shown for investments managed by external managers and for investments managed internally.

FIGURE 8
RATE OF RETURN FOR DOMESTIC EQUITY INVESTMENTS
FISCAL YEAR 2014

BENCHMARKS		
Standard & Poor's 500 Index	22.6	88%
FUND	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL
Teacher Retirement System Pension Trust Fund	N/A	N/A
Permanent School Fund-TEA	24.53%	N/A
Permanent School Fund-GLO	N/A	N/A
Employees Retirement System Pension Trust Fund	21.78%	16.73%
Permanent University Fund	24.6	60%
Permanent Health Fund	24.58%	
Tobacco Settlement Permanent Trust Fund	N/A	19.28%
Texas Guaranteed Tuition Plan Fund	N/A	24.62%
Permanent Public Health Fund	N/A	19.28%
National Research University Fund	N/A	19.28%

#### Notes:

- N/A = funds that did not report domestic equity investments for the category shown.
- (2) Funds with only one number displayed did not report their returns separately for internally and externally managed equities
- (3) The University of Texas Permanent Health Fund assets are invested in the University of Texas System General Endowment Fund (GEF). The above percentages reflect the return of the GEF assets.

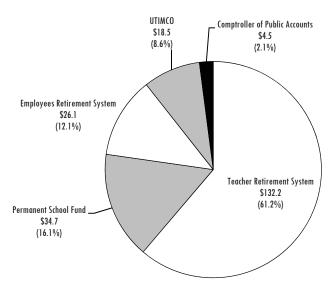
Sources: Investing agencies and The University of Texas Investment Management Company.

# **ALL MAJOR FUNDS**

See Appendix D for a guide to references used in this section.

FIGURE 9
ENDING MARKET VALUE, FISCAL YEAR 2014

IN BILLONS TOTAL MARKET VALUE = \$215.9 BILLION



#### Notes:

- (1) UTIMCO amounts include the PUF and PHF.
- (2) Permanent School Fund amounts include both the TEA- and GLO-controlled portions.
- (3) CPA amounts include the TSF, the TGTP, the PPHF, and the NRUF.

Sources: Investing agencies and UTIMCO.

FIGURE 10
RATES OF RETURN AND BENCHMARKS, FISCAL YEAR 2014

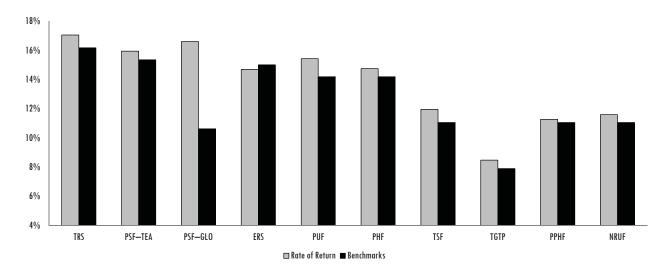


FIGURE 11
AVERAGE TOTAL FUND RATES OF RETURN, FIVE-YEAR PERIOD, FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

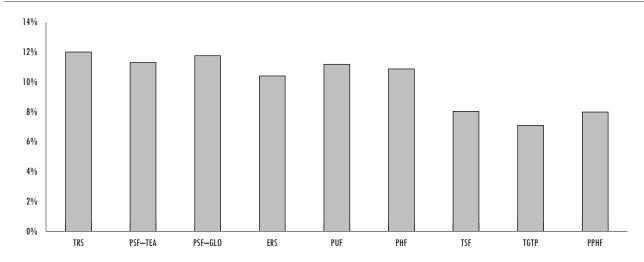


FIGURE 12
RISK-ADJUSTED RATES OF RETURN, FIVE-YEAR PERIOD, FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

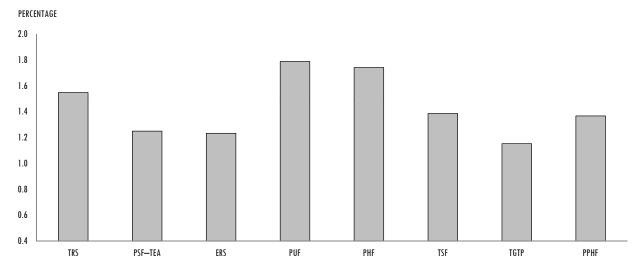
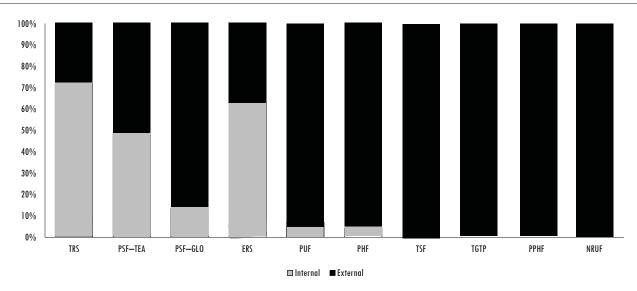


FIGURE 13
PERCENTAGE OF ASSETS INTERNALLY AND EXTERNALLY MANAGED, FISCAL YEAR 2014



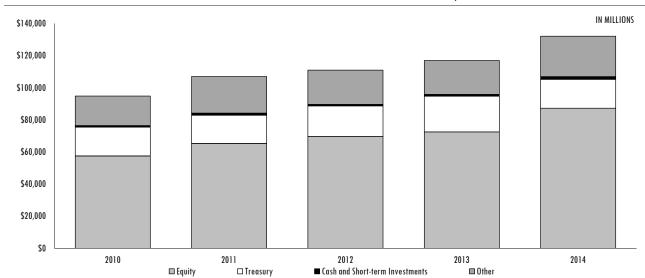


FIGURE 14
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION ENDING MARKET VALUES, FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

Note: Other investments include Hedge Funds, Absolute Return, Real Assets, Commodities, and Real Estate Investment Trusts. Sources: Investing agencies and UTIMCO.

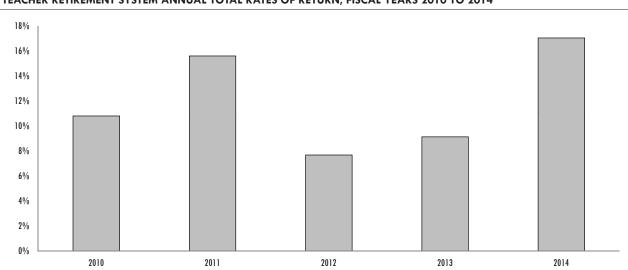


FIGURE 15
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM ANNUAL TOTAL RATES OF RETURN, FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

FIGURE 16 PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND-TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION ENDING MARKET VALUES FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

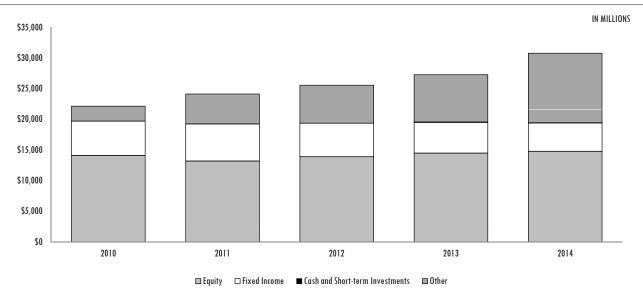


FIGURE 17 PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND-TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY ANNUAL TOTAL RATES OF RETURN FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

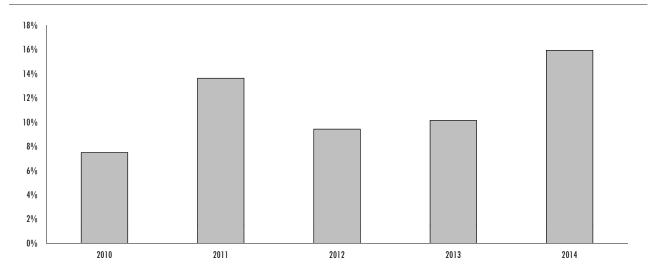


FIGURE 18 PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND-GENERAL LAND OFFICE PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION ENDING MARKET VALUES FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

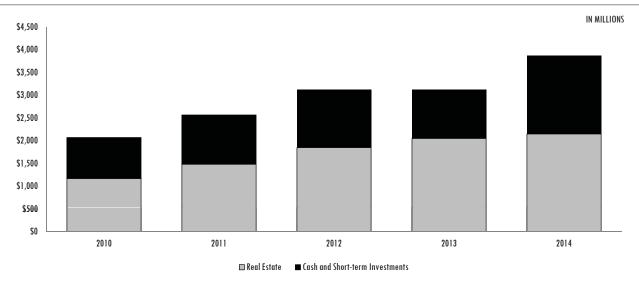


FIGURE 19 PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND-GENERAL LAND OFFICE ANNUAL TOTAL RATES OF RETURN FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

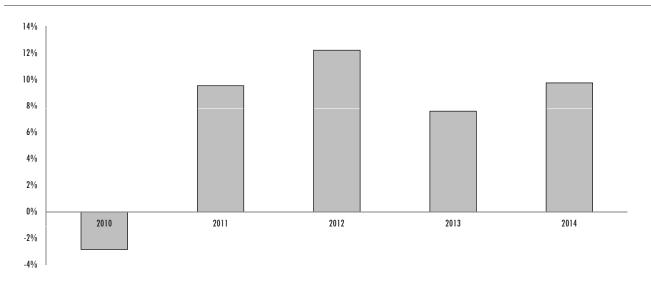


FIGURE 20 EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION ENDING MARKET VALUES FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

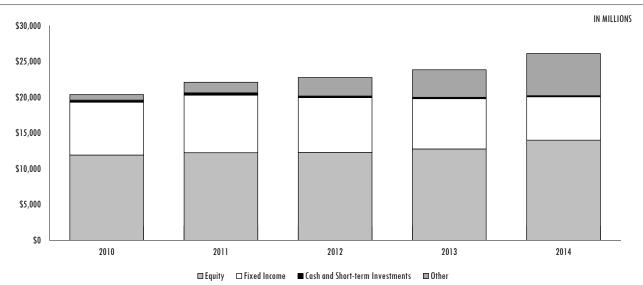


FIGURE 21 **EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM ANNUAL TOTAL RATES OF RETURN** FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

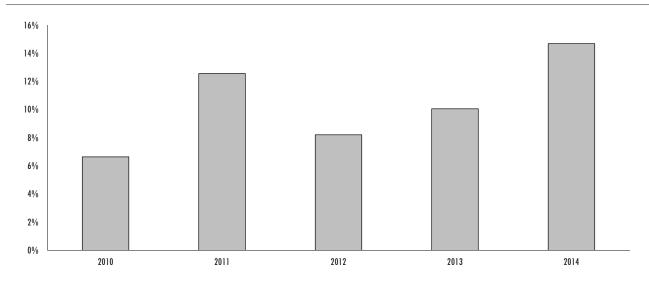


FIGURE 22 PERMANENT UNIVERSITY FUND PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION ENDING MARKET VALUES FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

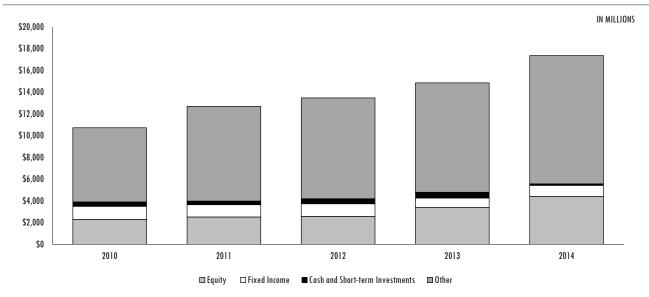


FIGURE 23 PERMANENT UNIVERSITY FUND ANNUAL TOTAL RATES OF RETURN FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

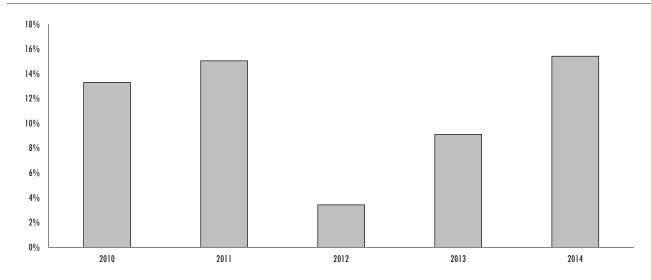


FIGURE 24 PERMANENT HEALTH FUND PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION ENDING MARKET VALUES FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

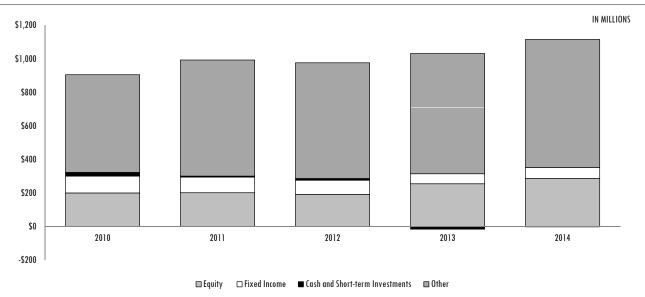


FIGURE 25 PERMANENT HEALTH FUND ANNUAL TOTAL RATES OF RETURN FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

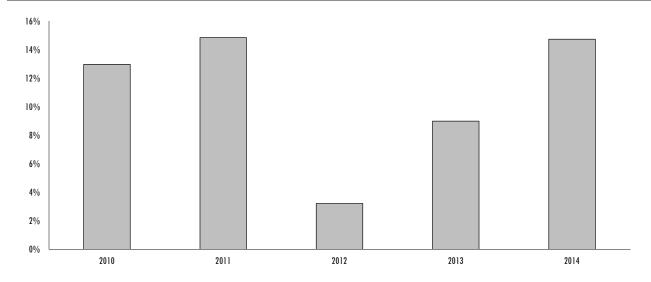


FIGURE 26 TOBACCO SETTLEMENT PERMANENT TRUST PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION ENDING MARKET VALUES FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

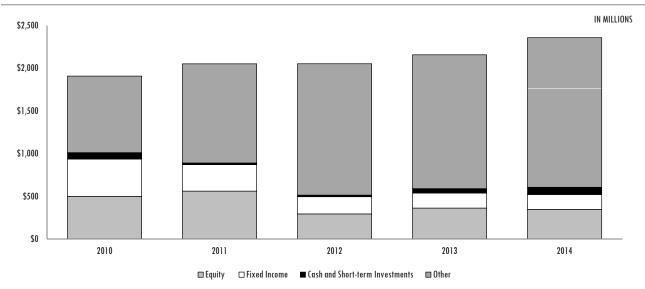


FIGURE 27 TOBACCO SETTLEMENT PERMANENT TRUST ANNUAL TOTAL RATES OF RETURN FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

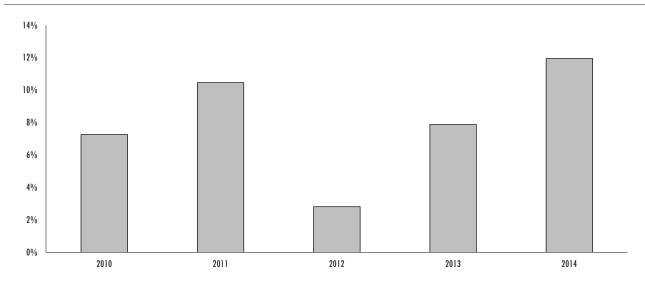


FIGURE 28
TEXAS GUARANTEED TUITION PLAN FUND PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION ENDING MARKET VALUES
FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

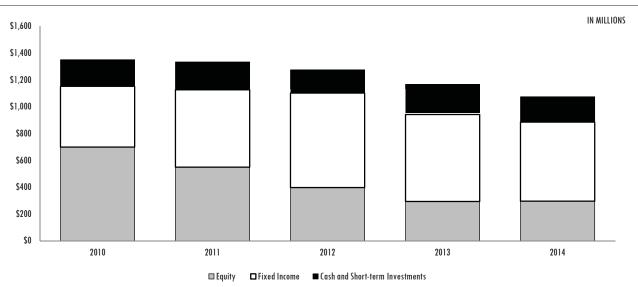


FIGURE 29
TEXAS GUARANTEED TUITION PLAN FUND ANNUAL TOTAL RATES OF RETURN
FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

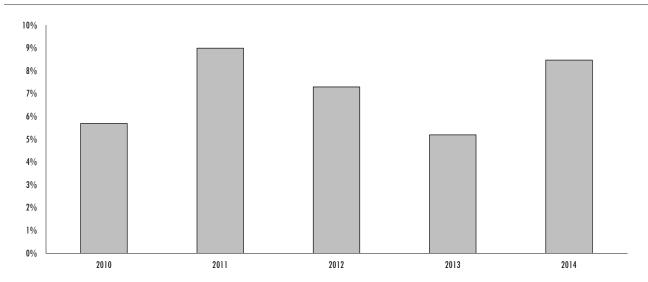


FIGURE 30 PERMANENT PUBLIC HEALTH FUND PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION ENDING MARKET VALUES FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2014

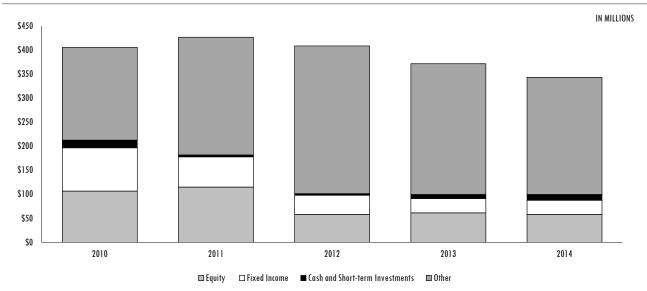
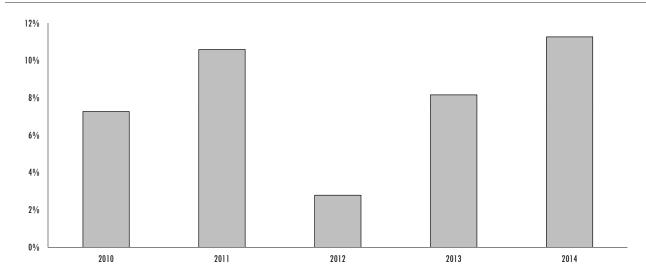


FIGURE 31 PERMANENT PUBLIC HEALTH FUND ANNUAL TOTAL RATES OF RETURN FISCAL YEARS 2010 TO 2015



## APPENDIX A. AUTHORIZING STATUTE

SECTION 1. Chapter 322, Texas Government Code, is amended by adding Section 322.014 to read as follows:

Sec. 322.014. REPORT ON MAJOR INVESTMENT FUNDS.

- (a) In this section, "state investment fund" means any investment fund administered by or under a contract with any state governmental entity, including a fund:
  - (1) established by statute or by the Texas Constitution; or
  - (2) administered by or under a contract with:
    - (A) a public retirement system as defined by Section 802.001, Government Code, that provides service retirement, disability retirement, or death benefits for officers or employees of the state;
    - (B) an institution of higher education as defined by Section 61.003, Texas Education Code; or
    - (C) any other entity that is part of state government.
- (b) The Legislative Budget Board shall evaluate and publish an annual report on the risk-adjusted performance of each state investment fund that in the opinion of the board contains a relatively large amount of assets belonging to or administered by the state. The board in its report shall:
  - (1) compare the risk-adjusted performance of the funds; and
  - (2) examine the risk-adjusted performance, within and among the funds, of similar asset classes and comparable portfolios within asset classes.
- (c) Each state governmental entity that administers a state investment fund and each person that administers a state investment fund under contract shall provide the board with the information the board requests regarding the performance of the fund.
- (d) The board shall publish the annual report in a format and using terminology that a person without technical investment expertise can understand.

### APPENDIX B. MAJOR STATE INVESTMENT FUNDS

#### **TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM – PENSION TRUST FUND**

#### **FUND PURPOSE**

The Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) administers a defined benefit plan that is a qualified pension trust fund pursuant to the U.S. Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a). The pension trust fund provides service and disability retirement and death and survivor benefits to eligible employees of public school districts and institutions of higher education in Texas and their beneficiaries.

#### **FUND CONTRIBUTIONS**

Member contributions, state contributions, reporting entity contributions, member reinstatements, and investment income increased the fund's value in fiscal year 2014. The Texas constitution requires the Legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent but not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation of all members of the system during that fiscal year. In fiscal year 2014, the member contribution rate was 6.4 percent. The state contribution rate in fiscal year 2014 was 6.4 percent, the same as the fiscal year 2013 contribution rate.

Fiscal year 2014 total contributions increased by \$9,955 million, or 68.6 percent, more than fiscal year 2013 contributions, due to a \$9,600 million increase in investment income, relative to fiscal year 2013. In fiscal year 2013, member contributions were \$2,357.7 million, state and federal/private contributions were \$1,653.0 million, reporting entity contributions were \$864.3 million, and member reinstatements were \$143.5 million. In fiscal year 2014, investment income resulted in a gain of \$19,434.4 million to the fund.

#### **FUND DISTRIBUTIONS**

Deductions from the fund are predominantly retirement, death, and survivor benefits. During fiscal year 2014, the fund paid \$8,550.9 million for benefits, \$410.6 million for members refunding their accounts, and \$122.1 million for other expenses (net of investing activity expenses). In fiscal year 2014, fund distributions totaled \$9,083.6 million.

#### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The TRS Board of Trustees governs the investment process by adopting investment policies and objectives, which define the fund's strategic investment initiatives, and by monitoring

performance to measure the results of both tactical and strategic investment strategies. The total investment portfolio is structured to achieve a long-term rate of return that exceeds the assumed actuarial rate of return adopted by the board; exceeds the long-term rate of inflation by an annualized 5 percent; and exceeds a composite index composed of the respective long-term, normal asset mix weighting of the major asset classes, operating within the defined risk parameters for the various asset classes. Investment decisions must adhere to the prudent person standard (see Appendix C). In fiscal year 2008, the board reviewed and adjusted the investment policy to achieve the long-term targeted rate of return of 8 percent. This adjustment resulted in a shift to a more diversified investment strategy, which included a change in asset allocation, replacing benchmarks, and development of TRS LABS, a program introduced by TRS' Investment Management Division, that aims to continually improve TRS investment management through leadership.

#### INVESTMENT AND OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITY

The TRS Board of Trustees holds system assets in trust and oversees the investment of the system's funds in accordance with applicable constitutional and statutory provisions. The board is composed of nine trustees who are appointed by the Governor to staggered terms of six years. Three trustees are direct appointments. Two trustees are appointed from a list prepared by the State Board of Education. Two trustees are appointed by the Governor from the three public school district active member candidates nominated for each position by employees of public school districts. One trustee is appointed from the three higher-education active member candidates nominated by employees of institutions of higher education. One trustee is appointed from the three retired member candidates nominated by retired TRS members. A majority of the board is required to have financial expertise, and is assisted by outside investment consultants and internal and external legal counsel. Appointments are subject to confirmation by the Senate. Board member terms expire August 31 of odd-numbered years.

#### PERCENTAGE OF ASSETS EXTERNALLY MANAGED/ADVISED

According to TRS, internal staff manages 72 percent of TRS assets; the remaining 28 percent are managed externally. External management of funds began in August of 2008.

### TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM – PENSION TRUST FUND (CONTINUED)

#### **INVESTMENT COSTS**

The cost of investing the funds for the fiscal year 2014 was \$200.7 million, or 15 basis points (0.15 percent) of the net assets held in trust for pension benefits at the end of fiscal year 2014. The investment cost consists of \$32.9 million in direct internal cost and \$13.9 million in indirect internal cost. According to TRS, direct investment expenses included salaries and operating costs of the investment division. Indirect costs included fees for services such as accounting, purchasing, legal and supplies and security. External investment costs include fees paid to external managers and do not include transaction costs on investments and were \$153.9 million in fiscal year 2014. Prior year investment costs were \$188.9 million, or 0.16 percent, of the net assets.

#### **PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS**

TRS provided the benchmarks for fiscal year 2014 shown in **Figure B1**.

FIGURE B1
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM – PENSION TRUST FUND
PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS, FISCAL YEAR 2014

BENCHMARK NAME	ASSET CLASS	2014 RATE OF RETURN
MSCI USA Standard	U.S. Large Cap	25.22%
MSCI USA Small Cap	U.S. Small Cap	22.26%
MSCI Emerging Markets	Emerging Markets	19.98%
MSCI EAFE + Canada Equity	Non-U.S. Developed Equity	17.08%
HFRI Fund of Funds Composite	Directional Hedge Funds	7.85%
State Street Private Equity Index	Private Equity	18.56%
Barclays Capital Long Treasury Index	U.S. Long Treasuries	14.13%
3-Month LIBOR + 2%	Absolute Return	2.24%
HFRI Fund of Funds Conservative	Stable Value Hedge Funds	6.44%
Citigroup 90-day T-Bill	Cash Equivalents	0.05%
BC U.S. TIPS Index	U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities	5.70%
NCRIEF ODCE	Real Assets	12.74%
Goldman Sachs Commodity Index	Commodities	(5.18%)

Source: Teacher Retirement System.

#### **ACTIONS OF EIGHTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE**

The Eighty-third Legislature, Regular Session, 2013, passed several bills that affect TRS. Among the more significant pieces of legislation were Senate Bill 1458, Senate Bill 1812, and House Bill 3857.

Senate Bill 1458—the enactment of this legislation establishes new contribution rates for active members and requires new contributions from most school districts. The bill provides for a cost-of-living adjustment for annuitants who retired on or before August 31, 2004. The bill also increases the normal-age retirement eligibility for all members who are not vested as of August 31, 2014, to age 62 with the Rule of 80 (age plus years of service credit). For individuals who retire on or after September 1, 2014, the bill sets the minimum age of 62 for participation in TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3. Members who meet the Rule of 70 or greater or have 25 years of service as of August 31, 2014, are exempted from the new requirement.

Also, beginning in fiscal year 2015, school districts and charter schools that do not contribute to Social Security for TRS-eligible employees will be required to contribute to TRS 1.5 percent of the statutory minimum salary for employees whose positions are subject to the state statutory minimum salary schedule (MSS). For employees whose positions are not subject to the MSS, the employer will contribute 1.5 percent on the employees' total salary.

**Senate Bill 1812**—the enactment of this legislation limits state retirement contributions for public community and junior colleges to the state contribution rate applied to 50 percent of creditable compensation of members whose duties are instructional or administrative.

**House Bill 3357**—the enactment of this legislation makes several administrative and technical changes to the TRS plan terms. The bill repeals the statutory requirement that school districts offer a health insurance plan comparable to the HealthSelect plan available to state employees.

#### PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND - TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

#### **FUND PURPOSE**

The Permanent School Fund (PSF) was established expressly for the benefit of funding Texas public schools. A total return distribution rate, which was 3.3 percent in fiscal year 2014, along with 25 percent of the state's motor fuel tax revenues are transferred to the Available School Fund (ASF). Monies from the fund are distributed to local public school districts based on the average daily attendance of public school students.

#### **FUND CONTRIBUTIONS**

Proceeds from the sale of PSF land, royalty, and other earnings generated by the PSF land are added annually to the fund by the General Land Office (GLO), which manages the real estate assets. In addition to these deposits, GLO transfers an authorized amount set by the State Land Board (SLB) each year to the Texas Education Agency (TEA). According to TEA, \$130 million was transferred from the GLO to the PSF-controlled portion of the PSF during fiscal year 2014.

#### **FUND DISTRIBUTIONS**

The fund calculates its annual distribution to the ASF using a total return methodology, established by constitutional amendment in 2003. Distribution rates are set by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the State Board of Education (SBOE). If the SBOE does not set the rate before the start of the next Legislative session, then the Legislature will set the distribution rate. The distribution rate cannot exceed 6.0 percent of the total market value and the total distribution during the past 10 years cannot exceed the total return for the same period. The distribution rate was set at 3.3 percent for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. In fiscal year 2014, \$838.7 million was transferred to the ASE

#### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective, according to TEA, is long-term and focused on fairly balancing the benefits between current and future generations while preserving the real per capita value of the PSE Investment decisions adhere to the prudent person rule, and asset class allocations are adjusted accordingly to meet the investment objectives of the fund.

#### INVESTMENT AND OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITY

The Texas Constitution assigns control of PSF assets to the SBOE, and administrative duties related to the PSF reside

with the Commissioner of Education and TEA staff. SBOE members are elected from 15 single-member districts, with the Governor designating the chairman. No members are required to have experience in investment management. The SBOE appoints a Committee of Investment Advisors (CIA) to provide independent review of the fund's investment policies, procedures, and nature of investments. Each member of the SBOE appoints a single member to the CIA, and these advisors serve at the choosing of the SBOE member that appointed them.

#### PERCENTAGE OF ASSETS EXTERNALLY MANAGED/ADVISED

According to TEA, approximately 51.8 percent of PSF assets were externally managed in fiscal year 2014. Independent firms are used to invest funds, provide custodial and accounting services, provide securities lending services, advise on asset allocation, and evaluate investment performance. TEA reports external managers are used to manage international equities and absolute-return investments.

#### **INVESTMENT COSTS**

According to TEA, the cost of administrating the fund was \$17.2 million, or 6 basis points (0.06 percent) of the ending fund balance for fiscal year 2014. This cost includes \$16.6 million of internal investment expenses and \$540,000 of external investment expenses. In addition to standard investment salaries, costs, and allocated agency overhead, TEA reports investment expenses included costs associated with accounting, information technology, compliance and support staff, and fees paid for external management. Prioryear investment costs were \$16.9 million or 0.06 percent of the fund balance.

#### **PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS**

TEA provided the benchmarks shown in **Figure B2** for fiscal year 2014.

An allocation index is calculated for each class of investments (fixed income and equity securities) to measure the overall performance. The allocation index is the weighted average rate of return of each of the indices shown.

#### PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND - TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY (CONTINUED)

FIGURE B2
PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND-TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY
PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS, FISCAL YEAR 2014

BENCHMARK NAME	ASSET CLASS	2014 RATE OF RETURN
Custom Target Policy	Total Fund	15.4%
Total Equity	Total Equity	22.0%
Domestic Equity	Domestic Equity	24.4%
S&P 500 Index	Domestic Equity	25.2%
S&P 1000 Index	Domestic Equity	21.9%
MSCI All-Country World Ex-U.S. Net	International Equity	17.8%
BC Aggregate Bond Index	Fixed Income	5.7%
Total Absolute Return (1)	Absolute Return	7.4%
Real Estate (2)	Real Estate	11.5%
Private Equity (3)	Private Equity	22.0%
Risk Parity (4)	Risk Parity	17.1%
Real Return (5)	Real Return	1.4%
JPM GBI EM Global Diversified (6)	Emerging Market Debt	N/A

#### Notes:

- (1) Custom benchmark based on HFRI.
- (2) Custom benchmark based on NCREIF.
- (3) Custom benchmark based on actual returns.
- (4) Custom benchmark consists of 60% Standard & Poor's 500 Index and 40% Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index.
- (5) Consists of 50% Barclays Capital U.S. Treasury U.S. TIPS Index and 50% Dow Jones UBS Commodities Total Return Index
- (6) Emerging Market Debt (EMD) funded 12/2013. EMD Benchmark for fiscal year 2014 rate of return is not available. Source: Texas Education Agency.

#### **ACTIONS OF EIGHTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE**

The Eighty-third Legislature, Regular Session, 2013, passed several bills that affect the PSF. Among the more significant pieces of legislation were House Bill 885 and House Bill 2571.

**House Bill 885**—this legislation allows refunding or refinanced bonds issued by an open-enrollment charter school to be guaranteed by the PSF through the bond guarantee program, up to one-half of the total amount available for the guarantee of charter district bonds.

**House Bill 2571**—this legislation adds deadlines and penalties for producing the books and accounts, receipts, and discharges of all lines, tanks, pools, and meters and all contracts and other records relating to the production,

transportation, sale, and marketing of oil and gas from stateowned land. The bill could result in additional fee revenue for the PSE

#### PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND - GENERAL LAND OFFICE

#### **FUND PURPOSE**

The School Land Board (SLB) and the Commissioner of the Texas General Land Office (GLO) possess the authority to manage the state-owned lands dedicated to the Permanent School Fund (PSF). The funds are managed through the Real Estate Special Fund Account (RESFA) and can be used to acquire real assets and protect, maintain, and enhance the value of the public school land. The real assets portfolio of the PSF is limited by statute to no more than 15 percent of the fund's total market value.

#### **FUND CONTRIBUTIONS**

Contributions to the RESFA include revenue from school land sales, oil and gas royalties, surface damage fees, return of capital on real assets investments, mineral lease bonus payments, and various other sources. According to GLO, \$1,223.7 million was added to the RESFA in fiscal year 2014.

#### **FUND DISTRIBUTIONS**

The RESFA distribution to the PSF is authorized annually by the SLB. According to GLO, in fiscal year 2014, \$130.0 million was distributed to the PSF

#### **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The primary investment objective, according to the GLO and the SLB, is to pursue a long-term strategy of investing in a variety of real assets to produce gross total returns that exceed the returns on the blended composite benchmark shown in **Figure B3**. Investment decisions must adhere to the prudent investor standard (see Appendix C).

#### INVESTMENT AND OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITY

The Permanent School Fund real estate investment portfolio is managed through a combined effort of the SLB, the Investment Advisory Committee (IAC), GLO staff, and external fund managers, including a real assets investment advisor. The SLB includes the land commissioner, an appointee of the Governor, and an appointee of the attorney general. The IAC includes the GLO deputy commissioner of funds management, the general counsel, the deputy commissioner of asset management, the chief clerk, and a member of the SLB.

#### PERCENTAGE OF ASSETS EXTERNALLY MANAGED/ADVISED

According to the GLO, approximately 86 percent of the PSF real estate assets were externally managed in fiscal year 2014. External investment managers manage a portfolio of real assets in limited partnerships. The internally managed portfolio includes direct commercial real estate investments in areas where GLO is the only investor, including raw land, industrial, and some mixed-use investments. GLO indicated 100 percent of its cash and short-term securities are externally managed by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts, as required by statute.

#### **INVESTMENT COSTS**

According to the GLO, total investment expenses for the year ending June 30, 2014 were \$24.7 million or 64 basis points (0.64 percent) of the ending fund balance. This amount includes \$3.0 million for direct internal costs, \$0.6 million in indirect internal expenses, and \$21.1 million for external costs. Internal investment expenses include cost for personnel and operating expenses relating to portfolio management, fees for legal services, procurement, and financial reporting. External expenses include management and incentive fees per limited partnership agreements. Investment costs for year ending June 30, 2013, were \$22.7 million, or 0.71 percent of the fund balance.

#### **PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS**

The benchmark shown in **Figure B3** has been identified by the GLO for the year ending June 30, 2014.

# FIGURE B3 PERMANENT SCHOOL FUNDS – GENERAL LAND OFFICE PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS, FISCAL YEAR 2014

#### BENCHMARK NAME

2014 RATE OF RETURN

50/50 Blended Composite of:

10.62%

- NCREIF Fund Index—Open-End Equity, gross of fees
- CPI Index–All Urban Consumers plus 74.1 basis points

Source: Texas General Land Office.

#### **EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM – PENSION TRUST FUND**

#### **FUND PURPOSE**

The Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS) was established by the Texas Legislature in 1947 and is administered in accordance with the Texas constitution. The system provides a retirement and disability pension plan for state employees, law enforcement and custodial officers, elected state officials, and two classes of judges. The system administers the trust funds with a fiduciary obligation to the members and retirees who are its beneficiaries. ERS, the Law Enforcement and Custodial Officer Supplemental Retirement Plan (LECOS), the Judicial Retirement System of Texas Plan I (JRS I), and the Judicial Retirement System of Texas Plan II (JRS II) are single-employer, defined-benefit pension plans. For investment purposes, the trust funds are joined, but separate accounting records are maintained.

#### **FUND CONTRIBUTIONS**

Member and state contributions are made to the trust funds as a percentage of compensation set by state law. For ERS, the constitution provides that the state contribution may not be less than 6.0 percent nor more than 10.0 percent, and the member contribution may not be less than 6.0 percent. The state contribution rate for fiscal year 2014 set by the Eighty-third Legislature, Regular Session, 2013, was 7.5 percent, with an additional 0.5 percent contribution rate from general state agencies. The fiscal year 2014 member contribution rate was set at 6.6 percent.

Members of LECOS are also members of ERS. The member contribution rate to LECOS was 0.5 percent in fiscal year 2014, and the state contribution rate was 0.5 percent.

JRS I is a pay-as-you-go plan and has no trust fund to receive contributions. Member contributions of 6.0 percent are deposited as unappropriated receipts in the state's General Revenue Fund. Annuity payments and refunds for this plan are appropriated each biennium; therefore, the fund has no invested assets. Contributions to JRS II are set by general law and the General Appropriations Act. In fiscal year 2014, the member contribution rate was 6.57 percent, and the state contribution rate was set at 15.663 percent.

According to ERS, total fund contributions in fiscal year 2014 were \$966.3 million, an increase of 17.6 percent from

the fiscal year 2013 total fund contributions of \$821.4 million.

#### **FUND DISTRIBUTIONS**

Distributions from the pension trust fund are based on benefit payments owed. According to ERS, these distributions equaled \$2,139.2 million in fiscal year 2014, an 8.2 percent increase from the fiscal year 2013 distributions of \$1,977.0 million.

#### **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The primary investment objective, outlined by ERS in its comprehensive annual financial report, is to earn a rate of return that ensures payments due to members and their beneficiaries at a reasonable cost to the members of the retirement plan and the taxpayers. The investment policy is structured around maximizing return while maintaining the safety of principal, reducing risk through diversification, and managing costs associated with implementation. The Board of Trustees of ERS sets a long-term asset allocation target, which is adjusted to meet the needs of the plan and the beneficiaries. Investment decisions must adhere to the duty of care as set forth in the Texas Government Code, Section 815.307.

#### INVESTMENT AND OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITY

The Board of Trustees of ERS has general responsibility for investment decisions. Six members serve on the board: three members are elected by participating state employees, one member is appointed by the Governor, one is appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and one member is appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The board selects external investment managers and appoints an investment advisory committee. The committee members are investment professionals who are required to meet, at least quarterly, to review ERS investments. An independent consultant is also retained to evaluate and analyze investment results.

#### PERCENTAGE OF ASSETS EXTERNALLY MANAGED/ADVISED:

According to ERS, approximately 63.04 percent of the agency's invested funds were invested by internal staff in fiscal year 2014. For the remaining 36.96 percent, staff receives counsel from various fund advisors.

#### **EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM – PENSION TRUST FUND (CONTINUED)**

#### **INVESTMENT COSTS**

According to ERS, the cost of investing the funds was \$36.0 million, or 14 basis points (0.14 percent) of the ending fund balance for fiscal year 2014. This cost includes \$20.6 million in direct internal expenses and \$15.4 million in external investment expenses. Internal investment costs included expenses for materials and supplies, rentals, salaries and wages, professional fees and services, and other operating expenses. External investment expenses do not include the management fees paid for alternative investments. Prior-year investment costs were \$35.4 million or 0.15 percent of the fund balance.

#### **PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS**

The benchmarks shown in Figure B4 were provided by ERS for fiscal year 2013.

#### **ACTIONS OF EIGHTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE**

The Eighty-third Legislature, Regular Session, 2013, passed several bills affecting ERS.

**FIGURE B4 EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM - PENSION TRUST FUND, FISCAL YEAR 2014** 

BENCHMARK	ASSET CLASS	2014 RATE OF RETURN
S&P 500	Large Cap	25.25%
S&P 600	Small Cap	18.70%
S&P 400 Mid Cap	Mid Cap	23.25%
S&P 1500/S&P 500 Blend	Domestic Equity	24.86%
MSCI Europe	Europe International	17.85%
MSCI Pacific	Asia International	13.48%
MSCI Canada	International Canada	23.19%
MSCI EAFE	International Global	16.43%
MSCI Emerging Markets	<b>Emerging Markets</b>	19.98%
MSCI EAFE/MSCI ACWI Ex-U.S. Blended	International Equity	17.75%
Barclays U.S. Credit-Intermediate Index	Investment Grade	5.85%
Barclays Capital U.S. High-Yield Corp./2% Cap Blend	High Yield	10.57%
Barclays Capital Universal/Floating Fixed Income	Fixed Income Total	6.28%
FTSE EPRA/NAREIT U.S.	Domestic REIT	24.34%
FTSE EPRA/NAREIT U.S. Global Ex-U.S.	International REIT	16.62%
FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Blended Global Real Estate	Global Real Estate	20.08%
91-Day U.S. Treasury Bill	Unallocated Cash	0.05%
Total Fund Policy Benchmark	GLOBAL TOTAL	15.00%
Source: Employees Retirement System.		

#### EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM – PENSION TRUST FUND (CONTINUED)

#### Senate Bill 1459:

- increases the member contribution rate for ERS Retirement to 6.6 percent in fiscal year 2014,
   6.9 percent in fiscal year 2015, 7.2 percent in fiscal year 2016, and 7.5 percent for fiscal year 2017 and beyond;
- implements various retirement benefit changes for new employees, including:
  - annuity reduction of 5 percent per year for each year of retirement prior to age 62;
  - precludes use of unused leave as service credit to meet retirement eligibility and requires employees to choose between being paid for that credit or having it added to their annuity;
  - final average salary calculation based on highest 60 months' salary; increased from the current 48 months or 36 months used in the calculation;
  - implements tiered retiree insurance for employees with less than five years of service beginning on September 1, 2014; and
  - requires the agency to account for the LECOS Retirement Fund separately from the ERS Retirement Fund.

**House Bill 1675**—makes the Board of Trustees of Employees Retirement System subject to sunset review beginning in fiscal year 2017, but the agency is not subject to abolishment.

**House Bill 200**—requires ERS to sell, redeem, divest, or withdraw all publicly traded securities of any companies with which ERS has holdings that perform active business in Iran.

#### **UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SYSTEM – PERMANENT UNIVERSITY FUND**

#### **FUND PURPOSE**

The Permanent University Fund (PUF) is a public endowment established by the Texas Constitution in 1876. The PUF contributes to the support of most institutions in the University of Texas System (UT System) and the Texas A&M University System. Distributions from the PUF and all surface lease income are deposited in the Available University Fund (AUF) for the benefit of the eligible institutions.

#### **FUND CONTRIBUTIONS**

Mineral and other incomes are added annually to the fund. According to the UT System, \$1,129.7 million in income earned by PUF lands were contributed to the PUF during fiscal year 2014. This represents a 31.9 percent increase from the 2013 contribution of \$856.5 million.

#### **FUND DISTRIBUTIONS**

The PUF is a total return fund, and amounts from income and changes in asset values may be distributed. PUF distributions are allotted to provide a predictable, stable stream of distributions and ensure the inflation-adjusted value of distributions is maintained. The UT System Board of Regents has established an annual distribution to the AUF of 4.75 percent of the previous three years' average net asset value of the PUE However for fiscal year 2012, due to a record year of PUF lands' lease sales and the constrained state budget for the current biennium, the UT Board increased the annual distribution to an amount equivalent to 5.50 percent of the trailing 12 quarters' average net asset value of the PUF According to the University of Texas Investment Management Company (UTIMCO), \$877.4 million was distributed to the AUF in fiscal year 2014, an increase of 36.2 percent from the fiscal year 2013 distribution of \$644.3 million.

#### **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

According to UTIMCO, the primary investment objective shall be to preserve the purchasing power of fund assets and annual distributions by earning an average annual real return during rolling 10-year periods or longer, at least equal to the target distribution rate of the PUF after all expenses. The objective is dependent on the ability to generate high returns in periods of low inflation that will offset lower returns generated in years when the capital

markets underperform the rate of inflation. Investment decisions must adhere to the prudent investor rule.

#### INVESTMENT AND OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITY

The Texas Constitution assigns responsibility for managing the PUF's lands and investment to the UT System Board of Regents. The PUF's investment manager is UTIMCO, which is the first external management corporation formed by a public university. The UTIMCO Board of Directors includes three members of the UT System Board, the chancellor of the UT System, and five outside investment professionals.

#### PERCENTAGE OF ASSETS EXTERNALLY MANAGED/ADVISED

According to the UT System, approximately 94.9 percent of the PUF assets were externally managed in fiscal year 2014.

#### **INVESTMENT COSTS**

According to the UT System, total investment expenses were \$52.3 million, or 30 basis points (0.30 percent), of the ending fund balance in fiscal year 2014. This amount includes \$6.3 million for direct internal costs, \$6.0 million for indirect internal costs, and \$40.0 million for external expenses in fiscal year 2014. The investment expenses included costs for management fees and fees related to custodial, auditing, consulting, performance, and risk management. Investment costs for the previous fiscal year were \$53.5 million or 0.36 percent of the fund balance.

#### **PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS**

The Endowment Policy Portfolio return is the total index or benchmark return for the PUE This return is the sum of the weighted benchmark return for each asset class included in the endowment policy portfolio.

The UT System provided the following benchmark return for PUF. This benchmark represents the PUF investment policy for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2014:

PUF Policy Benchmark = 14.19 percent

#### **ACTIONS OF EIGHTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE**

**Senate Bill 24**—Eighty-third Legislature, Regular Session, 2013, establishes a new university in South Texas within the University of Texas System and authorizes it to participate in the Permanent University Fund. The new university includes The University of Texas at Brownsville, The

## UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SYSTEM - PERMANENT UNIVERSITY FUND (CONTINUED)

University of Texas at Pan American, a statutorily authorized medical school, and the Lower Rio Grande Health Center associated with The University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio.

#### UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SYSTEM - PERMANENT HEALTH FUND

#### **FUND PURPOSE**

The Permanent Health Fund (PHF) is a collection of public endowments to support research and other programs at higher education institutions. The consolidated fund includes the Permanent Health Fund for Higher Education, Permanent Funds for Health-related Institutions, and the University of Texas at El Paso. The Permanent Fund for Higher Education Nursing, Allied Health, and Other Health-Related Programs, and the Permanent Fund for Minority Health Research and Education were transferred to the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (CPA) during fiscal year 2002. The endowments were established with proceeds from the comprehensive tobacco settlement between the State and the tobacco industry.

#### **FUND CONTRIBUTIONS**

Initially, \$890.0 million of endowment corpus was transferred on August 30, 1999, and another \$25 million was transferred during fiscal year 2000. The Permanent Fund for Higher Education Nursing, Allied Health and Other Health-Related Programs, and the Permanent Fund for Minority Health Research and Education, totaling \$88.2 million, were transferred to the CPA during fiscal year 2002. No contributions have been made since then.

#### **FUND DISTRIBUTIONS**

The PHF is a total return fund, and distributions from both income and capital gains may be distributed. The University of Texas (UT) System Board initially established an annual distribution of 4.5 percent of the beginning value of the PHF. Distributions are increased annually by the average inflation rate, measured by the Consumer Price Index (C.P.I.), provided that the distribution rate remains within a range of 3.5 percent to 5.5 percent of the fund's market value. According to the UT System, \$48.0 million was transferred to eligible institutions during fiscal year 2014.

#### **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

According to the University of Texas Investment Management Company (UTIMCO), the primary investment objective is to preserve the purchasing power of PHF assets and annual distributions by earning an average annual real return during rolling 10-year periods or longer, at least equal to the target distribution rate, plus the annual expected expense. The current target rate is 5.2 percent.

#### INVESTMENT AND OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITY

The Seventy-sixth Legislature, 1999, designated the UT System Board of Regents as the administrators of the fund. The UT System Board of Regents designated the UTIMCO as the investment manager. UTIMCO is the first external management corporation formed by a public university. The UTIMCO Board of Directors includes three members of the UT System Board, the chancellor of the UT System, and five outside investment professionals. The Long-Term Fund (LTF) and the PHF are invested in shares of the General Endowment Fund (GEF), an internal mutual fund managed by UTIMCO.

#### PERCENTAGE OF ASSETS EXTERNALLY MANAGED/ADVISED

The PHF assets are invested in the UT System GEF According to the UT System, 95.7 percent of the GEF assets were externally managed in fiscal year 2014.

#### **INVESTMENT COSTS**

According to the UT System, total investment expenses for fiscal year 2014 were \$3.9 million, or 35 basis points (0.35 percent) of the ending fund balance. This amount includes \$0.5 million in direct internal investment expenses \$0.6 million in indirect internal investment expenses, and a \$2.8 million allocation from the GEF. The investment expenses included costs for management fees, custodian services, and audit fees. Investment costs for fiscal year 2013 were \$3.7 million, or 0.36 percent of the fund balance.

#### **PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS**

The PHF assets are invested in the GEF The Endowment Policy Portfolio return is the total index or benchmark return for the GEF This return is the sum of the weighted benchmark return for each asset class included in the endowment policy portfolio.

The UT System provided the following benchmark return for the PHF in fiscal year 2014:

PHF Policy Benchmark = 14.19 percent

#### COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS – TOBACCO SETTLEMENT PERMANENT TRUST FUND

#### **FUND PURPOSE**

The Tobacco Settlement Permanent Trust (TSF) is an endowment to support counties with unreimbursed healthcare expenditures. The Seventy-sixth Legislature, 1999, established the endowment with proceeds from the comprehensive tobacco settlement between the state and the tobacco industry. Although the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (CPA) manages the investments, the endowment is classified as a private-purpose trust fund.

#### **FUND CONTRIBUTIONS**

The initial contribution of tobacco settlement proceeds was made on March 1, 2000. According to the CPA, \$1.683 billion was contributed to the fund through fiscal year 2003. No additional contributions are anticipated.

#### **FUND DISTRIBUTIONS**

The TSF is a total return fund, and distributions may be made from income and from growth in asset values. The investment advisory committee discussed in this section has approved, and the CPA has adopted, a distribution rule set forth in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 34, Part 1, Chapter 18, Section 18.2. The rule is intended to meet the investment objective of the trust, as discussed in this section. According to the CPA, \$50.0 million was distributed during fiscal year 2014.

#### **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The primary investment objective, according to the CPA, is to provide a predictable, stable stream of distributions and to preserve the purchasing power of fund assets and annual distributions by earning an average annual total return, after inflation, of 5.0 percent during rolling 10-year periods or longer. Investment decisions must adhere to the prudent investor rule.

#### INVESTMENT AND OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITY

The CPA, through the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, is responsible for management and oversight of the fund. An investment advisory committee composed of members from participating entities advises the CPA and approves rules governing the CPA's duties and responsibilities for the investment of and distributions from the fund. The advisory committee is composed of 11 appointed members. The CPA appoints one member. One member is

appointed by the political subdivision that, in the year preceding the appointment, received the largest annual distribution paid from the account. The political subdivision that received the second largest annual distribution paid from the account appoints one member. Four members are appointed by the Texas Conference of Urban Counties from subdivisions that received the third through the twelfth largest annual distributions in the preceding year. The County Judges and Commissioners Association of Texas, the North and East Texas County Judges and Commissioners Association, the South Texas County Judges and Commissioners Association, and the West Texas County Judges and Commissioners Association each appoint one member.

#### PERCENTAGE OF ASSETS EXTERNALLY MANAGED/ADVISED

According to the CPA, 100 percent of the fund's assets are externally managed.

#### **INVESTMENT COSTS**

According to the CPA, total investment expenses for fiscal year 2014 were \$6.2 million, or 26 basis points (0.26 percent) of the ending fund balance. This amount includes \$4.5 million for direct internal costs and \$1.7 million for external costs. Internal and external investment expenses included costs for salaries, consulting and auditing services, IT systems, compliance monitoring, overhead, risk management services, reporting and investment accounting, and management services. The investment costs for fiscal year 2013 were \$6.4 million or 0.30 percent of the fund balance.

#### **PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS**

The CPA provided the breakdown of the policy benchmark shown in **Figure B5**. The total fund benchmark was 11.06 percent in fiscal year 2014.

## COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS - TOBACCO SETTLEMENT PERMANENT TRUST FUND (CONTINUED)

FIGURE B5 COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS - TOBACCO SETTLEMENT PERMANENT TRUST FUND PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS FISCAL YEAR 2014

STRATEGY	TARGET PERCENTAGE	BENCHMARK	2014 RETURN OF BENCHMARK
Fixed Income	35%	Allocation Range: 20% to 50%	6.80%
Global Fixed Income	10%	9% Barclays Capital Multiverse Bond Index; 1% 90-Day T-bill	6.50%
Alternative Fixed Income	20%	HFRI FOF: Conservative Index	6.49%
Private Debt	5%	SSPEI – Private Debt Index	9.96%
Equity	45%	Allocation Range: 30% to 60%	15.10%
Global Public Equity	15%	MSCI All Country World Index Net Index	20.96%
Hedged Equity	20%	HFRI FOF: Strategic Index	9.12%
Private Equity	10%	SSPEI – Private Equity Index	18.56%
Real Assets	20%	Allocation Range: 10% to 30%	9.44%
Stable Value Real Estate	5%	NCREIF NFI-ODCE	12.74%
Enhanced Real Estate	5%	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Fund Index	14.24%
Global Inflation Protected Securities	3%	Barclays Capital World Inflation-Linked Index	10.31%
Natural Resources	7%	5% Dow Jones UBS Commodity Index; 1% MSCI World Energy Index; 1% MSCI World Materials Index	3.19%
All Asset Strategies	0%	0% to 10%	N/A
Risk Parity, Tactical Asset Allocation, Multistrategy	0%	Total Endowment Benchmark	11.06%
Source: Texas Comptroller of Public Account	ts.		

## **TEXAS GUARANTEED TUITION PLAN FUND**

#### **FUND PURPOSE**

The Texas Guaranteed Tuition Plan (formerly the Texas Tomorrow Fund) is a fully guaranteed prepaid tuition program, which began in January 1996. The Texas Prepaid Higher Tuition Board has closed the Texas Guaranteed Tuition Plan Fund for enrollment. The plan that is accepting enrollment, the Texas Tuition Promise Fund, went into effect September 1, 2008. The board's plan manager, OFI Private Investments, Inc., has invested the assets of the plan in accordance with the investment policy statement adopted by the board.

#### **FUND CONTRIBUTIONS**

Existing member contributions are added annually to the Texas Guaranteed Tuition Plan fund. In fiscal year 2014, investment income resulted in a gain of \$90.8 million to the fund. According to the TGTP investment income combined with \$487.0 thousand of other income, negative \$10.9 million actuarial change in future contract collections, and negative \$6.4 million in contract payments net of refunds of contract principal to result in a total fund contribution of \$74.0 million in fiscal year 2014.

### **FUND DISTRIBUTIONS**

According to the TGTP \$154.2 million was distributed to colleges for tuition payments during fiscal year 2014. An additional \$1.6 million was distributed for administrative expenses and \$19.7 million of earnings on cancelled mature contracts was refunded to contract purchasers. Combined with a \$147.9 million actuarial decrease in the value of future contract benefits, fund distributions totaled \$27.6 million in fiscal year 2014.

According to the Texas Guaranteed Tuition Plan's 2014 Actuary's Report on Program Soundness, the liabilities of the plan exceed the value of assets as of August 31, 2014, by \$568.2 million, a decrease of \$44.3 million from the fiscal year 2013 unfunded liability of \$612.5 million. The funded ratio of the plan is 66.1 percent. Based on actuarial assumptions for expected income and disbursements, TGTP is projected to run out of cash to pay benefits in fiscal year 2020.

#### **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

According to the TGTP the investment objective is to accumulate sufficient funds to fully meet current and future

obligations to fund participants. To meet this goal, the board has developed four general objectives: preserve the purchasing power of the fund by achieving investment earnings in excess of inflation; protect the fund principal from market value erosion; keep return volatility low by employing prudent fund diversification; and invest assets in compliance with the prudent person standard.

#### **INVESTMENT AND OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITY**

The Texas Prepaid Higher Education Tuition Board directs the investment policies that are carried out by investment managers. The board is chaired by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts and includes two members appointed by the Governor and four members appointed by the Lieutenant Governor. At least two of the Lieutenant Governor's appointees are from a list of potential members recommended by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

## PERCENTAGE OF ASSETS EXTERNALLY MANAGED/ADVISED

According to the TGTP, 100 percent of the fund's assets are externally managed.

### **INVESTMENT COSTS**

According to the TGTP the costs of investing the fund for fiscal year 2014 were \$2.1 million, or 19 basis points (0.19 percent) of the ending fund balance. This amount consists entirely of external investment expenses and includes securities lending fees. The investment costs for fiscal year 2013 were \$2.1 million or 0.18 percent of the fund balance.

## **PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS**

The TGTP provided the benchmarks shown in **Figure B6** for fiscal year 2014. The total fund benchmark was 7.9 percent in fiscal year 2014.

# TEXAS GUARANTEED TUITION PLAN FUND (CONTINUED)

FIGURE B6 TEXAS GUARANTEED TUITION PLAN FUND PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS FISCAL YEAR 2014

BENCHMARK NAME	ASSET CLASS	2014 RATE OF RETURN
Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	U.S. Equity	24.68%
S&P 500 Index	U.S. Equity	25.25%
Russell 1000 Growth Index	U.S. Equity	0.26%
Russell 1000 Value Index	U.S. Equity	0.24%
Russell 2000 Index	U.S. Equity	17.68%
MSCI EAFE Index	Non-U.S. Equity	16.43%
MSCI All Country Ex-U.S. Local Net	Non-U.S. Equity	17.75%
Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index	Fixed Income	5.66%
Barclays Capital Corporate High Yield Bond Index	Fixed Income	10.58%
Citigroup WGBI	Fixed Income	6.17%
S&P Leveraged Loan Index	Fixed Income	4.73%
Barclays Capital U.S. TIPS Index	Fixed Income	5.70%
U.S. Treasury Bills	Cash	0.01%
Source: Texas Guaranteed Tuition Plan Fund.		

## COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS – PERMANENT PUBLIC HEALTH FUND

#### **FUND PURPOSE**

The Permanent Public Health Fund (PPHF) is a collection of public endowments to support state-administered health-related programs. The consolidated fund includes the Permanent Tobacco Education and Enforcement Fund, the Permanent Children and Public Health Fund, the Permanent EMS and Trauma Care Fund, the Permanent Rural Health Facility Capital Fund, and the Permanent Small Urban Hospitals Funds. The endowments were established with proceeds from the comprehensive tobacco settlement between the state and the tobacco industry.

#### **FUND CONTRIBUTIONS**

Initially, \$475.0 million of tobacco settlement proceeds were contributed in fiscal year 2000. No additional tobacco proceeds have been added to the fund.

#### **FUND DISTRIBUTIONS**

The PPHF is a total return fund, and distributions may be made from income and from growth in asset values. The annual distributions are determined by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (CPA). Annual distributions, paid quarterly, are calculated as 4.5 percent of the 20-quarter moving-average value of the PPHF as of June 30 for the following fiscal year. The annual distributions may not exceed 7 percent of the average net fair market value of the investment assets of the fund. According to the CPA, \$65.2 million was distributed during fiscal year 2014. Of this amount, \$12.6 million was distributed to the accounts named previously to fund the relevant programs, and \$52.5 million was distributed to the Cancer Prevention and Research Institute of Texas (CPRIT) to pay debt service.

## **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The primary investment objective, according to the CPA, is to provide a predictable, stable stream of distributions and to preserve the purchasing power of each fund's assets and annual distributions by earning an average annual total return, after inflation, of 5 percent during rolling 10-year periods or longer. Investment decisions must adhere to the prudent investor rule.

#### INVESTMENT AND OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITY

The CPA, through the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, is responsible for management and oversight of the fund.

#### PERCENTAGE OF ASSETS EXTERNALLY MANAGED/ADVISED

According to the CPA, 100 percent of the fund assets are externally managed.

## **INVESTMENT COSTS**

According to the CPA, the costs of administrating the fund for fiscal year 2014 were \$1.0 million, or 28 basis points (0.28 percent) of the ending fund balance. Internal and external investment expenses included costs for consulting, auditing, information technology systems, compliance monitoring, overhead, risk management, reporting, investment accounting, investment management, and fees paid to money managers and custodians. Investment costs for fiscal year 2013 were \$1.2 million or 0.32 percent of the fund balance.

#### **PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS**

The CPA provided the benchmarks shown in **Figure B7** for fiscal year 2014. The total fund benchmark was 11.06 percent in fiscal year 2014.

# **COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS – PERMANENT PUBLIC HEALTH FUND (CONTINUED)**

FIGURE B7 COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS - PERMANENT PUBLIC HEALTH FUND PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS FISCAL YEAR 2014

STRATEGY	TARGET PERCENTAGE	BENCHMARK	2014 RETURN OF BENCHMARK
Fixed Income	35%	Allocation Range: 20% to 50%	6.80%
Global Fixed Income	10%	9% Barclays Capital Multiverse Bond Index; 1% 90- Day T-bill	6.50%
Alternative Fixed Income	20%	HFRI FOF: Conservative Index	6.49%
Private Debt	5%	SSPEI – Private Debt Index	9.96%
Equity	45%	Allocation Range: 30% to 60%	15.10%
Global Public Equity	15%	MSCI All Country World Index Net Index	20.96%
Hedged Equity	20%	HFRI FOF: Strategic Index	9.12%
Private Equity	10%	SSPEI – Private Equity Index	18.56%
Real Assets	20%	Allocation Range: 10% to 30%	9.44%
Stable Value Real Estate	5%	NCREIF NFI-ODCE	12.74%
Enhanced Real Estate	5%	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Fund Index	14.24%
Global Inflation Protected Securities	3%	Barclays Capital World Inflation Linked Bond Index	10.31%
Natural Resources	7%	5% Dow Jones UBS Commodity Index; 1% MSCI World Energy Index; 1% MSCI World Materials Index	3.19%
All Asset Strategies	0%	0% to 10%	N/A
Risk Parity, Tactical Asset Allocation, Multistrategy	0%	Total Endowment Benchmark	11.06%
Source: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts.			

#### COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS – NATIONAL RESEARCH UNIVERSITY FUND

#### **FUND PURPOSE**

In 2009 Texas voters approved Proposition 4, adding Article VII, Section 20, to the Texas Constitution, which established the National Research University Fund (NRUF). Proposition 4 and the enabling legislation, House Bill 51, Eighty-first Legislature, Regular Session, 2009, also transferred the corpus of the Permanent Higher Education Fund (originally intended to be an endowment fund supporting higher education institutions not eligible for distributions from the Permanent University Fund) to the National Research University Fund. The purpose of the NRUF is to provide a dedicated, independent, and equitable source of funding to enable emerging research universities in Texas to achieve national prominence as major research universities.

#### **FUND CONTRIBUTIONS**

On January 1, 2010, all assets from the Permanent Higher Education Fund, \$546.3 million, were transferred to the National Research University Fund. No additional contributions have been made to the NRUF since this date.

#### **FUND DISTRIBUTIONS**

The Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board is tasked with developing rules for determining the eligibility of institutions to receive money from the NRUF and certifying in each even-numbered year which institutions have satisfied those standards. Article VII, Section 20(f), stipulates that the amount appropriated from the fund in any fiscal year may not exceed 7 percent of the average net fair market value of the investment assets of the fund. As of August 2014, Texas Tech University and University of Houston are the only emerging research universities eligible to receive NRUF distributions. Distributions of \$17.6 million were made from the NRUF in fiscal year 2014, up 4.3 percent from the fiscal year 2013 distributions of \$16.9 million.

### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the NRUF is to earn a long-term annual rate of return of 8 percent to: provide a predictable, stable stream of distributions; ensure that the inflationadjusted value of distributions is maintained for the long term; and ensure that the inflation-adjusted value of the corpus after distributions is maintained for the long term.

#### INVESTMENT AND OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITY

The CPA, through the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, is responsible for management and oversight of the fund.

### PERCENTAGE OF ASSETS EXTERNALLY MANAGED/ADVISED

According to the CPA, 100 percent of the fund assets are externally managed.

## **INVESTMENT COSTS**

According to the CPA, the costs of administrating the fund for fiscal year 2014 were \$1.8 million, or 26 basis points (0.26 percent) of the ending fund balance. Direct internal expenses were \$1.3 million and external investment expenses were \$0.5 million in fiscal year 2014. Internal and external investment expenses included costs for consulting, auditing, IT systems, compliance monitoring, overhead, risk management, reporting, investment accounting, investment management, and fees paid to money managers and custodians. Investment costs for fiscal year 2013 were \$1.9 million or 0.29 percent of the fund balance.

## **PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS**

The CPA provided the benchmarks shown in **Figure B8** for fiscal year 2014. The total fund benchmark was 11.06 percent in fiscal year 2014.

# **COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS – NATIONAL RESEARCH UNIVERSITY FUND (CONTINUED)**

FIGURE B8 COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS - NATIONAL RESEARCH UNIVERSITY FUND PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS **FISCAL YEAR 2014** 

STRATEGY	TARGET PERCENTAGE	BENCHMARK	2014 RETURN OF BENCHMARK
Fixed Income	35%	Allocation Range: 20% to 50%	6.80%
Global Fixed Income	10%	9% Barclays Capital Multiverse Bond Index; 1% 90-Day T-bill	6.50%
Alternative Fixed Income	20%	HFRI FOF: Conservative Index	6.49%
Private Debt	5%	SSPEI – Private Debt Index	9.96%
Equity	45%	Allocation Range: 30% to 60%	15.10%
Global Public Equity	15%	MSCI All Country World Index Net Index	20.96%
Hedged Equity	20%	HFRI FOF: Strategic Index	9.12%
Private Equity	10%	SSPEI – Private Equity Index	18.56%
Real Assets	20%	Allocation Range: 10% to 30%	9.44%
Stable Value Real Estate	5%	NCREIF NFI-ODCE	12.74%
Enhanced Real Estate	5%	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Fund Index	14.24%
Global Inflation Protected Securities	3%	Barclays Capital World Inflation Linked Bond Index	10.31%
Natural Resources	7%	5% Dow Jones UBS Commodity Index; 1% MSCI World Energy Index; 1% MSCI World Materials Index	3.19%
All Asset Strategies	0%	0% to 10%	N/A
Risk Parity, Tactical Asset Allocation, Multistrategy	0%	Total Endowment Benchmark	11.06%
Source: Texas Comptroller of Public Account	S.		

# **APPENDIX C. GLOSSARY**

#### **ACTIVE PORTFOLIO STRATEGY**

A money-management approach based on informed, independent investment judgment, as opposed to passive management (indexing). This strategy attempts to outperform a benchmark index.

#### **ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS**

Investment opportunities that have not been identified by traditional public or fixed-income capital markets. Also may be defined as private, nontraditional, illiquid investments. Alternative investments are accomplished almost exclusively through private offerings of debt equity interest, and are often made through entities organized as limited partnerships. Examples of alternative investments include international and emerging market stocks, hedge funds, event-driven strategies, and illiquid equity investments such as venture capital, mezzanine financing, private equity and buy-out investing, real estate, and oil and gas.

## **ASSET ALLOCATION**

The process of diversifying an investment portfolio among asset classes (stocks, bonds, real estate, etc.) to achieve a particular investment objective. Asset allocation is used to anticipate the long-term direction of markets and to deploy assets in a way that will result in superior performance in the context of acceptable risks. Studies have shown that asset allocation has a far greater effect on investment performance than does the selection of investment managers or the selection of individual securities.

## **BASIS POINT (BP)**

The smallest measure used in quoting investment performance or fees. One basis point is one-one hundredth of 1 percent. Thus, 100 basis points equal 1 percent. A bond's yield that increased from 8.00 percent to 8.50 percent would be said to have raised 50 basis points. A management fee of 25 basis points represents 0.25 percent of value of the assets managed.

## **BENCHMARK**

A reference that serves as a standard by which others may be measured. In the investment environment, the benchmark

may be a common economic or financial index, such as the Consumer Price Index or the Standard & Poor's 500 Index.

#### **BONDS**

Contract to pay a specified sum of money (the principal or face value) at a specified future date (maturity) plus interest paid at an agreed percentage of the principal. Maturity is usually longer than one year. The relationship between the bondholder and issuer of the bonds is that of creditor and debtor. Thus, the holder has no corporate ownership privileges as stockholders do.

#### **BROKER**

A person who acts as an intermediary between a buyer and seller, usually charging a commission.

#### **CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Investment instruments have such high liquidity and safety that they are virtually as good as cash. They typically have a short maturity. Examples include a money market fund, U.S. Treasury Bills, and investments in a custodian bank's short-term investment fund (STIF) or similar fund. Such securities help minimize risk during volatile market periods and to provide cash flow.

## **COLLATERALIZED MORTGAGE OBLIGATION (CMO)**

A security established using the underlying cash flows from mortgage-backed securities as collateral. A CMO shifts the uncertainty regarding the exact timing of principal return in a mortgage-backed security. This uncertainty exists because the timing of mortgage-backed principal payments is influenced by changes in interest rates, the current economic climate, and the geographic makeup of loans.

## **COMMON STOCK**

Share in a public company or a privately held firm. Common stockholders typically have voting and dividend rights. In the event of corporate bankruptcy or other liquidation of assets, common stockholders are paid after secured and unsecured creditors, bond holders, and preferred stockholders.

#### **CORPUS**

The principal of a fund or estate as distinct from income or interest.

#### **CREDIT RISK**

The likelihood that a party involved in an investment transaction will not fulfill its obligations. This type of risk is often associated with the issuer of the investment security and is affected by the concentration of deposits or investments in a single instrument or with a single institution.

#### **CUSTODIAN BANK**

Used by an entity with large investment holdings to hold securities, record transactions, and collect interest or dividends from investments. The custodian bank is sometimes referred to as the primary or master custodian because it obtains the services of subcontractors and agencies to actually hold and trade the securities.

#### **DERIVATIVES**

A contact or financial arrangement whose value is based on the performance of an underlying financial asset, index, or other investment. Derivatives are available based on the performance of assets, interest rates, currency exchange rates, and various domestic and foreign indexes.

## **DIVERSIFICATION**

The spreading of risk by investing in several individual investments or categories of investments, such as stocks, bonds, cash equivalents, and real estate.

#### **DURATION**

A concept that measures bond price volatility by measuring the length of maturity for a bond. It is a weighted average term to the maturity of the bond's cash flows, the weights being the present value of each cash flow as a percentage of the bond's full price. The greater the duration of a bond, the greater its percentage price volatility. In general, duration rises with maturity, falls with the frequency of coupon payments, and falls as the yield rises.

#### **ENDOWMENT**

Funds given to an entity, such as a college or university, with donor-imposed restrictions that the funds are not to be expended but are to be invested for purpose of producing income.

#### **EQUITY INVESTMENT**

Ownership interest processed by shareholders in a corporation.

#### **EXTERNAL MANAGER**

A person or firm that makes investment portfolio decisions and executes transactions independently, subject to the overall restrictions agreed upon by contract between the fiduciary for the fund and the external manager.

#### **FIXED-INCOME INVESTMENTS**

A security that pays a fixed rate of return in the form of interest or dividends during a specified period and includes: government, corporate, and municipal bonds; preferred stocks; and certain mortgage investments. This asset class is expected to provide regular, predictable income and greater stability of market value than available from equity investments. It is advantageous in times of low inflation, but does not protect holders against erosion of buying power in times of rising inflation because interest or dividend payments do not increase.

#### **GENERAL PARTNER**

Member of a partnership who is jointly and severally liable for all debts incurred by the partnership; or a managing partner of a limited partnership who is in charge of its operations. A general partner has unlimited liability.

#### **HEDGE/HEDGING**

A strategy used to offset investment risk. A perfect hedge is one eliminating the possibility of future gain or loss.

#### **HEDGE FUND**

A hedge fund is typically set up as a private investment partnership that is open to a limited number of investors. The portfolios are typically managed more aggressively and rely on advanced investment strategies to generate high returns. Hedge funds are not regulated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)

### **INDEMNIFICATION**

An agreement to compensate another party for damage or loss. In securities lending programs, the program administrator may agree to indemnify the lender of securities for any losses caused by the failure of the borrower to return borrowed securities.

#### INDEX

A statistical composite that measures changes in the economy or in financial markets, often expressed in percentage changes from a base period. For example, the Consumer Price Index, which is composed of the prices of key goods and services, moves up or down as the rate of inflation changes. Other indexes measure the ups and downs of the stock, bond, and other investment markets. Common indexes include the New York Stock Exchange Index, Standard & Poor's 500 Index, and the Shearson Lehman Aggregate Bond Index.

#### **INVESTMENT ADVISOR**

A person or service retained by the investing entity to provide investment advice for a fee. The advisors may present economic information such as expected changes in interest rates, current and future national or global economic growth, and other factors that may affect the economy in the future. Investment advisors also present industry information that may affect future decisions in selecting specific securities. The advisor may specialize in a particular kind of investment, such as emerging growth stocks or international stocks.

## LARGE / MEDIUM / SMALL CAPS

Stocks of companies with market capitalization of \$500 million or less are small caps. Such stocks generally represent companies that are less well-established, but are often fastergrowing than mid-caps (market capitalization of \$500 million to \$3 billion to \$5 billion) or large caps (\$1 billion or more). Small caps are often more volatile than stocks of more well-established companies.

## **LEVERAGED BUYOUT**

Equity investments in public or private companies that result in the purchase of a significant portion or majority control of the company.

### LIQUIDITY

The ease with which an asset can be converted to money. Also, the ability to buy or sell an asset quickly and in large volume without substantially affecting the price.

#### **MARKET RISK**

The risk that the value of a security will increase or decrease as a result of changes in market conditions.

#### **MATURITY**

The date on which a debt's principal is to be repaid.

#### **MEZZANINE FINANCING**

Investment in the subordinated debt of privately owned companies. The debt holder participates in equity appreciation through conversion features such as rights, warrants, or options.

#### MERRILL LYNCH 90-DAY U.S. TREASURY BILL INDEX

A benchmark that assumes that U.S. Treasury bills are bought at the beginning of a period at market value and held to maturity. Upon maturity, it is assumed that additional bills are purchased at market value and again held until maturity. The rollover continues until the end of the period. The calculation includes the sum of the yields earned by the treasury bills.

#### **MODERN PORTFOLIO THEORY**

An investment decision approach that permits an investor to classify, estimate, and control the kind and the amount of expected risk and return. Portfolio theory quantifies the relationship between risk and return and assumes that investors must be compensated for assuming risk. It departs from traditional security analysis by determining the statistical relationships among securities included in the overall portfolio, rather than analyzing the characteristics of individual investments.

#### **MUTUAL FUND**

Portfolio of securities professionally managed by the sponsoring management company or investment company that issues shares to investors. The major advantages of mutual funds are diversification, professional management, and ownership of a variety of securities with a minimal capital investment.

#### PASSIVE PORTFOLIO STRATEGY

A money-management strategy that seeks to match rather than outperform return and risk characteristics of a market segment or index, by mirroring its composition.

## **PEER GROUP**

One group that is of equal standing with another group. In comparing an investment fund's performance with its peers, the peer group should include other funds with similar characteristics, such as fund size, purpose, and investment restrictions.

#### **PORTFOLIO**

A combined holding of more than one investment. The purpose of a portfolio is to reduce risk by diversification.

#### **PRIVATE INVESTMENTS**

Investment opportunities, which have not been identified by traditional capital markets. Typically more volatile than traditional securities, private investments require strong due diligence controls.

#### **PRIVATE PLACEMENT**

A securities issuance, which is exempt from registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933. It generally involves the sale of stocks, bonds, or other investments directly to an institutional investor.

## **PRUDENT INVESTOR STANDARD**

This standard provides that a board or other fiduciary, in making investments, may acquire or retain any kind of investment that prudent investors, exercising reasonable care, skill, and caution, would acquire or retain in light of the purposes, terms, distribution requirements, and other circumstances of the fund then prevailing, taking into consideration the investment of all the assets of the fund rather than a single investment. Typically, this standard assumes that the board or other fiduciary has investment knowledge and expertise, and the standard provides broader investment authority than the prudent person standard.

## PRUDENT PERSON STANDARD

A concept born from the 1830 Massachusetts court decision of Harvard College v. Armory that described the duty owned by a trustee to beneficiaries: "All that can be required of a trustee to invest is, that he shall conduct himself faithfully and exercise sound discretion. He is to observe how men of prudence, discretion, and intelligence manage their own affairs, not in regard to speculation, but in regard to the permanent disposition of their funds, considering the probable income, as well as the probable safety of the capital to be invested."

#### **RISK**

In exchange for a return on investment, the investor may expose assets to possible losses. Risk is the probability or possibility of such losses. Risk is also often defined in terms of market volatility, or standard deviations of returns. The standard deviation is a statistical measure of portfolio risk, which reflects the average deviation of observations from

their sample mean. It is used as an estimate of risk because it measures how wide the range of returns typically is. The wider the range of returns, the higher the portfolio risk.

## **STANDARD & POOR'S 500 INDEX**

An index, which measures the performance of the common stock of 500 of the largest U.S. corporations. The S&P 500 represents the aggregate market value changes relative to a base period of 500 stocks primarily traded on the New York Exchange.

## **STANDARD & POOR'S 1500 INDEX**

The S&P 1500 Composite Index, which measures the performance of the top 1500 U.S. companies.

#### **SECURITIES LENDING**

A program in which institutional investors transfer their securities to broker-dealers and other borrowers in exchange for collateral and a promise by the borrower to return the identical securities. The collateral may consist of cash, securities, or letters of credit. The lender agrees to the collateral to the borrower upon maturity of the loan and return of the borrowed securities.

#### TIME-WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURN

The total rate of return on an investment adjusted to eliminate the effect of timing of cash flows due to contributions and withdrawals, which are not controllable by investment managers.

## **TOTAL RETURN**

The annual return on an investment including appreciation and interest or dividends. A total return fund is one that is indifferent to whether the return is generated by appreciation or ordinary income because it can spend from both categories.

## **TRANCHE**

A class into which a multiclass security, such as collateralized mortgage obligation (CMO), is split. The different tranches of a CMO, which may range from a fast-pay class to a long-term slow-pay class, are intended to meet different investor objectives for portfolio diversification.

## **VENTURE CAPITAL**

Venture capital is an important source of financing for startup companies or others embarking on new or turnaround ventures that entail some investment risk but offer the potential for above-average profits. Sources of venture capital include wealthy individual investors, subsidiaries of banks, and other corporations organized as small business investment companies, such as groups of investment banks and other financing sources that pool investments in venture capital funds or venture capital limited partnerships. Some venture capital sources invest only at a certain stage of entrepreneurship, such as the start-up or seed money stage, the first-round or second-round phases that follow, or at the mezzanine level immediately preceding an initial public offering. In return for taking an investment risk, the venture capitalists are usually rewarded with some combination of profits, preferred stock, royalties on sales, and capital appreciation of common shares.

#### **VOLATILITY**

The extent to which a security or market tends to rise or fall sharply in price within a short-term period.

#### YIELD

The annual return on investment (from dividends or interest) expressed as a percentage of either cost or price. Yield is one component of return.

# **APPENDIX D. REFERENCES**

The following investing agencies and institutions of higher education provided information contained in this *Annual Report on Major State Investment Funds*:

- Teacher Retirement System (TRS)
- Permanent School Fund, General Land Officecontrolled portion (PSF–GLO)
- Permanent School Fund, Texas Education Agencycontrolled portion (PSF–TEA)
- Employees Retirement System (ERS)
- The University of Texas System (UT System)
- The University of Texas System Permanent University Fund (PUF)
- The University of Texas System Permanent Health Fund (PHF)
- Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (CPA)
- Tobacco Settlement Permanent Trust (TSF), provided by CPA
- Texas Guaranteed Tuition Plan Fund (TGTP), provided by CPA
- Permanent Public Health Fund (PPHF), provided by CPA
- Permanent Higher Education Fund (NRUF), provided by CPA

Remittances of original data from agencies and institutions of higher education for this report are attached.

# ORIGINAL DATA FROM AGENCIES AND INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION

#### ATTACHMENT 1. TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM TRUST FUND INPUT WORKSHEET

MARKET **VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG.** 31, 2014 \$ IN **MILLIONS** 

**Total Fund** 

132,192

	FISCAL YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND RETURN	YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED NETS FUND RETURN	2014 BENCHMARK ADJUSTED GROSS FUND RETURN	2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND RETURN (EX CASH)	BENCHMARK ADJUSTED GROSS FUND RETURN (EX CASH)	
Total Fund	17.05%	16.91%	16.18%			
	FISCAL YEAR 2014 (GROSS)	FISCAL YEAR 2014 (NET)	FISCAL YEAR 2013	FISCAL YEAR 2012	FISCAL YEAR 2011	FISCAL YEAR 2010
Gross Return - Total Fund	17.05%	16.91%	9.14%	7.69%	15.61%	10.81%
Gross Return - Public Equity	19.54%	19.25%	14.82%	4.31%	14.51%	6.18%
Gross Return - Private Equity	24.48%	24.48%	18.61%	4.07%	24.70%	21.85%
Gross Return- Long Treasuries (1)	15.85%	15.82%	-12.31%	20.04%	5.54%	17.78%
Gross Return- Stable Value Hedge Funds (2)	7.08%	7.08%	2.65%	3.19%	3.99%	5.62%
Gross Return- Other Absolute Return (1)	39.05%	39.05%	1.24%	19.52%	6.54%	25.54%
Gross Return - Cash & Short-term	3.05%	3.05%	2.01%	2.91%	1.88%	1.24%
Gross Return - TIPS	5.96%	5.93%	-6.80%	8.34%	11.18%	10.17%
Gross Return - Real Assets	13.69%	13.63%	11.65%	11.22%	17.64%	0.10%
Gross Return - Commodites	1.49%	1.23%	-26.16%	-11.03%	31.64%	2.77%
Gross Return - REITS	23.14%	22.59%	-0.56%	20.32%	18.81%	31.57%

FISCAL

FISCAL YEAR FISCAL YEAR

**FISCAL YEAR** 

2014

<sup>(1)</sup> In fiscal years 2007 and 2008 Treasuries are part of Other Absolute Return.

<sup>(2)</sup> Beginning fiscal year 2013, TRS' total Hedge Fund allocation increased from 4 percent to 9 percent. Directional Hedge Funds were added to the Public Equity Portfolio returns and MV as a separate allocation from the Stable Value Hedge Funds.

PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014 \$ IN MILLIONS		MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2013 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2012 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2011 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2010 \$ IN MILLIONS
	\$129,652.2	\$2,539.5				
Total Fund	\$132,192		\$117,050	\$111,066	\$107,070	\$94,925
Public Equity	\$71,789	\$87,359	\$58,230	\$56,724	\$54,312	\$49,095
Private Equity	\$15,570		\$14,364	\$13,101	\$11,099	\$8,501
Long Treasuries	\$11,650		\$16,312	\$13,477	\$11,907	\$9,790
Stable Value Hedge Funds	\$5,055		\$4,207	\$3,936	\$4,324	\$3,948
Other Absolute Return	\$2,068		\$465	\$999	\$3,214	\$4,715
Cash & Short-term	\$1,698		\$1,129	\$957	\$1,376	\$1,010
TIPS	\$6,318		\$5,925	\$5,499	\$5,635	\$8,137
Real Assets	\$15,234		\$15,836	\$13,031	\$10,344	\$5,702
Commodites	\$169		\$498	\$1,155	\$3,323	\$2,069
REITS	\$101		\$84	\$2,188	\$1,537	\$1,958
Fund Contributions	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2014 \$ IN MILLIONS		Notes on inpu	uts		
Members	\$2,357.686		Member Contributions			
State	\$1,653.033		State General Fund + Contributions from Federal/Privat Funding Sources + Contributions from the State for 415 Excess Benefit Arrangement + 415 Excess Benefit Arrangement from ERS			for
Reporting Employers	864.345		Included all Reporting Entity related in-flows including Employment after retirement surcharges			
Member Reinstatements	143.534		Refundable +	non-refundable		
Legislative Appropriations			None			
Other	21.584		Contributions revenues	from ERS for Se	ervice Contribution	s + Misc
Investment Income	19,434.430		Investment In	come		
Total Contributions	24,474.613					
Fund Distributions						
Benefits	\$8,550.916			5 Excess Benefit 5 Excess Benefi	: Arrangement + Bots ts	enefits Paid
Refunds	\$410.600		Refunds (Acti	ive + Death)		
Other	\$122.068		Benefits Paid Administrative		ice Contributions +	
Total Distributions	\$9,083.585					

## ATTACHMENT 1. TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM TRUST FUND INPUT WORKSHEET (CONTINUED)

Internal Investment Expenses:

Direct \$32.919 Indirect \$13.867 **External Investment Expenses:** \$153.885 \$200.672 **Total Investment Expenses:** 

> YEAR **ENDING AUG.** 31, 2014 28%

Percentage of Assets Externally

Managed

## ATTACHMENT 2. TEA - PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND INPUT WORKSHEET

MARKET
VALUE OF
<b>FUND YEAR</b>
ENDING AUG.
31, 2014 \$ IN
MILLIONS

**Total Fund** 

\$30,787.4

	FISCAL YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND RETURN	FISCAL YEAR 2014 BENCHMARK ADJUSTED GROSS FUND RETURN	FISCAL YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND RETURN (EX CASH)	2014 BENCHMARK ADJUSTED GROSS FUND RETURN (EX CASH)	
Total Fund	15.94%	15.36%	15.94%	15.36%	
	FISCAL YEAR 2014	FISCAL YEAR 2013	FISCAL YEAR 2012	FISCAL YEAR 2011	FISCAL YEAR 2010
Gross Return - Total Fund	15.94%	10.16%	9.44%	13.64%	7.51%
Gross Return - Equity	22.19%	17.66%	11.29%	16.71%	5.50%
(For Fiscal Year 2013 only)					
% of Domestic Equity Internally Managed	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Rate of Return for Internally Managed	24.53%	20.13%	17.32%	19.29%	6.25%
% of Domestic Equity Externally Managed	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Rate of Return for Externally Managed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gross Return- Fixed Income	5.93%	-2.02%	6.57%	4.58%	11.29%
Gross Return - Cash & Short-term	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gross Return - Absolute Return (1)	9.94%	10.23%	3.69%	4.48%	7.85%
Gross Return - Real Estate (1)	12.35%	11.85%	7.38%	15.53%	
Gross Return - Private Equity (1)	5.91%	26.89%	5.43%	20.32%	
Gross Return - Risk Parity (1)	18.15%	-3.28%	13.11%		
Gross Return - Real Return (1)	2.49%	-7.99%	8.49%		
Gross Return - Emerging Market Debt (2)	Not Available				

Notes:

FISCAL YEAR

Rate of Return is Modified Dietz
 Emerging Market Debt funded 12/2013. Fiscal year 2014 Gross RoR is not available.

ATTACHMENT 2. TEA - PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND INPUT WORKSHEET (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Diversification	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2013 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2012 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2011 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2010 \$ IN MILLIONS
All Equity	\$14,784	\$14,491	\$13,893	\$13,189	\$14,115
All Fixed Income	\$4,620	\$5,010	\$5,470	\$6,071	\$5,603
All Absolute Return	\$3,067	\$2,806	\$2,562		
All Real Estate	\$1,281	\$856	\$624		
All Private Equity	\$1,073	\$724	\$435		
All Risk Parity	\$2,067	\$1,754	\$1,819		
All Real Return	\$1,732	\$1,556	\$755		
All Emerging Market Debt	\$2,122				
All Other Investments	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$4,868	\$2,428
All Cash & Short Term Securities (3)	\$41	\$80	\$14	\$1	\$2
Totals:	\$30,787	\$27,277	\$25,572	\$24,131	\$22,146
	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2014				
Fund Contributions	\$130,000,000	_			
Fund Distributions	\$838,672,334				
Internal Investment Expenses: (4) Direct	\$16,649,508				
Indirect	¢540,000				
External Investment Expenses: (5)	\$540,000				
Total Investment Expenses:	V= 1 B = 1 B				
	YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014				
Percentage of Assets Externally Managed	51.82%	_			

Notes: Factors currently included in calculation of investment expenses:

(3) Transition Cash included with All Cash and Short Term Securities. This was not included prior to 2012.

(4) Internal Investment Expense includes salaries, overhead, accounting, compliance and technology expenses.

(5) External Investment Expenses - flat fees of \$45,000 per month for International Equity.

#### ATTACHMENT 3. TEXAS GENERAL LAND OFFICE - PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND

MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR **ENDING JUNE** 30, 2014 \$ IN **MILLIONS** 

**Total Fund** 

\$3,872.7

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND

YEAR ENDING **JUNE 30, 2014** BENCHMARK **GROSS RETURN** 

Total Fund w/o Cash & Short-term

16.60%

10.62%

Total Fund w/Cash & Short-term

9.73%

**RETURN** 

	FISCAL YEAR 2014	FISCAL YEAR 2013	FISCAL YEAR 2012	FISCAL YEAR 2011	FISCAL YEAR 2010
Gross Return - Total Fund w/o Cash & Short-term	16.60%	12.67%	21.16%	16.32%	-5.85%
Gross Return - Total Fund w/Cash & Short-term	9.73%	7.60%	12.20%	9.52%	-2.85%
Gross Return - Real Assets	16.60%	12.67%	21.16%	16.32%	-5.85%
% of Real Assets Internally Managed	13.73%	16.88%	17.00%	21.00%	37.00%
Rate of Return for Internally Managed	7.79%	4.79%	8.78%	3.07%	-11.21%
% of Real Assets Externally Managed	86.27%	83.12%	83.00%	79.00%	63.00%
Rate of Return for Externally Managed	18.24%	14.28%	24.28%	23.22%	-2.13%
Gross Return- Fixed Income	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gross Return - Cash & Short-term	0.38%	0.41%	0.58%	0.90%	1.40%
Gross Return - All Other	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gross Return - Absolute Return	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gross Return - Equity Hedge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gross Return - Non-marketable	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Portfolio Diversification	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2014 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2013 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2012 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2011 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2010 \$ IN MILLIONS
All Real Assets	\$2,148.0	\$2,048.2	\$1,847.3	\$1,482.8	\$1,168.8
All Fixed Income	ψ=,:::0::0	φ=,σ:σ:=	ψ.,σσ	ψ.,.οΞ.ο	ψ.,.σσ.σ
All Cash & Short Term Securities	\$1,724.7	\$1,151.2	\$1,335.7	\$1,082.9	\$901.0
All Other Investments	<b>*</b> · <b>,</b> · <b>=</b> · · ·	<b>4</b> 1,10 11=	<b>+</b> 1,00011	¥ 1,00=10	<b>4</b> 00
Absolute Return					
Equity Hedge					
Non-marketable					
Totals:	\$3,872.7	\$3,199.4	\$3,183.0	\$2,565.7	\$2,069.8
	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2014	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2013	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2012	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2011	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2010
Fund Contributions					
Contributions to GLO controlled portion*	\$1,223,654,970	\$728,326,520	\$724,279,739	\$893,607,752	\$573,939,675
Contributions to TEA controlled portion	\$130,000,000	\$250,000,000	\$250,000,000	\$100,000,000	\$100,000,000
Contributions to ASF	\$0	\$300,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
Fund Distributions					
Distributions to TEA controlled portion	\$130,000,000	\$250,000,000	\$250,000,000	\$100,000,000	\$100,000,000
Depository interest transferred to TEA	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Distributions to ASF	\$0	\$300,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
Internal Investment Expenses:					
Direct	\$2,963,039	\$2,723,783	\$2,229,735	\$3,095,700	\$2,441,285
Indirect	\$592,608	\$544,757	\$445,947	\$619,140	\$488,257
External Investment Expenses:	\$21,103,691	\$19,434,095	\$20,501,254	\$12,167,384	\$10,665,048
Total Investment Expenses:	\$24,659,338	\$22,702,634	\$23,176,936	\$15,882,224	\$13,594,590
Percentage of Real Assets Externally Managed	86%	83%	83%	79%	63%

Note: In addition to oil and gas royalties, also includes return of capital on real assets investments, mineral lease bonus payments, and various other revenue sources.

## ATTACHMENT 4. EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM TRUST FUND INPUT WORKSHEET

MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014 \$ IN	(1)
MILLIONS	
\$26.131.56	

**Total Fund** 

	FISCAL YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND RETURN	FISCAL YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED NET FUND RETURN	FISCAL YEAR 2014 BENCHMARK ADJUSTED GROSS FUND RETURN	FISCAL YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND RETURN (EX CASH)	FISCAL YEAR 2014 BENCHMARK ADJUSTED GROSS FUND RETURN (EX CASH)
Total Fund	14.70%	14.58%	15.00%	14.88	N/A
	FISCAL YEAR 2014	FISCAL YEAR 2013	FISCAL YEAR 2012	FISCAL YEAR 2011	FISCAL YEAR 2010
Gross Return - Total Fund (2)	14.70%	10.07%	8.22%	12.58%	6.65%
Gross Return - Equity (2)	20.49%	16.63%	10.86%	16.25%	4.54%
% of Domestic Equity Internally Managed	87.00%	83.00%	82.00%	85.00%	87.00%
Rate of Return for Internally Managed (3)	21.78%	19.36%	17.28%	19.96%	6.69%
% of Domestic Equity Externally Managed	13.00%	17.00%	18.00%	15.00%	13.00%
Rate of Return for Externally Managed (3)	16.73%	21.01%	17.18%	16.81%	1.63%
Gross Return- Fixed Income (2)	3.85%	-1.45%	3.72%	4.70%	9.12%
Gross Return - Cash & Short-term (2)	1.68%	-3.52%	0.88%	0.04%	0.11%
Gross Return - All Other (3)	15.70%	13.43%	7.67%	20.48%	13.70%
Portfolio Diversification	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2013 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2012 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2011 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2010 \$ IN MILLIONS
All Equity	\$14,017.61	\$12,784.48	\$12,290.18	\$12,265.00	\$11,931.00
All Fixed Income	\$6,064.86	\$7,028.50	\$7,665.84	\$8,038.00	\$7,391.00
All Cash & Short Term Securities	\$169.38	\$195.07	\$236.20	\$332.00	\$294.00
All Other Investments	\$5,879.71	\$3,850.72	\$2,579.06	\$1,484.00	\$774.00
Totals:	\$26,131.56	\$23,858.77	\$22,771.28	\$22,119.00	\$20,390.00

## ATTACHMENT 4. EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM TRUST FUND INPUT WORKSHEET (CONTINUED)

	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2014
Fund Contributions (4)	\$966.27
Fund Distributions	\$2,139.19
Internal Investment Expenses:	
Direct	\$20.61
Indirect	
External Investment Expenses: (5)	\$15.37
Total Investment Expenses:	\$35.98
	YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014
Percentage of Assets Externally Managed	36.96%

- (1) Includes the Employees Retirement Funds (Fund 0955), the Law Enforcement and Custodial Officer Supplemental Retirement Fund (Fund 0977), and the Judicial Retirement System Plan Two Fund (Fund 0993).
- (2) Gross Rate of Returns w/Risk Management. Returns beginning fiscal year 2007 and after are calculated daily and linked.
- (3) Gross Rate of Returns Ex Risk Management.
- (4) Includes Member & Employer Contributions.
   (5) External Investment Expenses do not include the management fees paid for alternative investments.

## ATTACHMENT 5. UTIMCO PERMANENT UNIVERSITY FUND INPUT WORKSHEET

MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014 \$ IN MILLIONS

**Total Fund** 

\$17,364.9

	FISCAL YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND RETURN	FISCAL YEAR 2014 BENCHMARK ADJUSTED GROSS FUND RETURN	FISCAL YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND RETURN (EX CASH)	FISCAL YEAR 2014 BENCHMARK ADJUSTED GROSS FUND RETURN (EX CASH)	
Total Fund	15.43%	14.19%	n/a	14.19%	
	FISCAL YEAR 2014	FISCAL YEAR 2013	FISCAL YEAR 2012	FISCAL YEAR 2011	FISCAL YEAR 2010
Gross Return - Total Fund	15.43%	9.13%	3.44%	15.06%	13.32%
Gross Return - Equity					
Domestic	24.60%	30.00%	1.09%	19.14%	16.32%
Foreign	25.14%	11.51%	1.99%	11.13%	11.06%
Gross Return- Fixed Income	5.84%	-0.72%	2.24%	8.04%	15.04%
Gross Return - Cash & Short-term	0.57%	0.67%	0.84%	1.32%	2.31%
Gross Return - All Other					
Absolute Return					
Equity Hedge	10.62%	11.46%	6.65%	7.48%	11.89%
Non-Marketable	20.04%	13.27%	7.05%	23.26%	16.37%
Commodities	3.07%	-10.71%	-8.23%	35.74%	13.19%
Real Estate	19.68%	5.26%	5.09%	9.81%	17.86%
	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31,	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2013 \$ IN	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2012 \$ IN	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2011 \$ IN	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2010 \$ IN
Portfolio Diversification	2014 \$ IN MILLIONS	MILLIONS	MILLIONS	MILLIONS	MILLIONS
All Equity	\$4,405.9	\$3,387.0	\$2,570.3	\$2,521.0	\$2,294.6
Domestic (a) and (f)	\$987.6	\$741.0	\$571.1	\$538.4	\$618.3
Foreign (b) and (c)	\$3,418.3	\$2,646.0	\$1,999.2	\$1,982.6	\$1,676.3
All Fixed Income (h) and (i)	\$1,019.0	\$879.3	\$1,165.5	\$1,128.1	\$1,209.2
All Other Investments	\$139.8	\$530.5	\$463.7	\$338.8	\$404.3
All Other Investments	\$11,800.2	\$10,055.7	\$9,270.8	\$8,700.1	\$6,816.9
Absolute Return (d)	ФГ 4.44.4	Φ4.07E.0	<b>#2.074.0</b>	Ф0 <b>7</b> 0 <b>7</b> 7	Ф2 225 Q
Equity Hedge (d)	\$5,141.1	\$4,375.8	\$3,974.8	\$3,737.7	\$3,235.8
Non-Marketable (e)	\$4,857.4	\$3,919.9	\$3,547.9	\$3,142.8	\$2,386.9
Commodities (g)	\$1,363.2	\$1,400.9	\$1,401.8	\$1,515.2	\$869.4
Real Estate	\$438.5	\$359.1	\$346.3	\$304.4	\$324.8
	\$17,364.9	\$14,852.5	\$13,470.3	\$12,688.0	\$10,725.0

## ATTACHMENT 5. UTIMCO PERMANENT UNIVERSITY FUND INPUT WORKSHEET (CONTINUED)

	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2014	
Fund Contributions	\$1,129.7	PUF Land receipts
Fund Distributions	(\$877.4)	Distributed to Available University Fund
Internal Investment Expenses:		
Direct	\$6.3	
Indirect	\$6.0	
External Investment Expenses:	\$40.0	
Total Investment Expense:	\$52.3	
	YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014	
Percentage of Assets Externally	94.90%	

Notes:

Managed

- (1) Not fully funded in this asset class during this fiscal year.
- Has the investment fund experienced a reduction in investment income directly related to the implementation of SB121, 79th Regular Session? No.

MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014 \$ IN MILLIONS

\$1,113.6

**Total Fund** 

	FISCAL YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND RETURN	FISCAL YEAR 2014 BENCHMARK ADJUSTED GROSS FUND RETURN	FISCAL YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND RETURN (EX CASH)	FISCAL YEAR 2014 BENCHMARK ADJUSTED GROSS FUND RETURN (EX CASH)	
Total Fund	14.75%	14.19%	N/A	14.19%	
PHF	FISCAL YEAR 2014	FISCAL YEAR 2013	FISCAL YEAR 2012	FISCAL YEAR 2011	FISCAL YEAR 2010
Gross Return - Total Fund	14.75%	9.00%	3.22%	14.86%	12.98%
Gross Return - Equity	See Note (1)	See Note (1)	See Note (1)	See Note (1)	See Note (1)
% of Domestic Equity Internally Managed					
% of Domestic Equity Externally Managed					
Gross Return- Fixed Income	See Note (1)	See Note (1)	See Note (1)	See Note (1)	See Note (1)
Gross Return - Cash & Short-term	0.06%	0.11%	0.15%	0.22%	0.22%
Gross Return - All Other	See Note (1)	See Note (1)	See Note (1)	See Note (1)	See Note (1)
GEF	FISCAL YEAR 2014	FISCAL YEAR 2013	FISCAL YEAR 2012	FISCAL YEAR 2011	FISCAL YEAR 2010
Gross Return - Total Fund	15.06%	9.26%	3.41%	15.10%	13.24%
Gross Return - Equity					
Domestic	24.58%	29.97%	1.72%	19.44%	16.15%
Foreign	22.58%	11.86%	1.96%	11.19%	10.85%
Gross Return- Fixed Income	5.61%	-0.64%	2.10%	8.20%	14.95%
Gross Return - Cash & Short-term	0.72%	0.72%	0.90%	1.52%	1.80%
Gross Return - All Other					
Absolute Return					
Equity Hedge	10.62%	11.46%	6.65%	7.48%	11.89%
Non-Marketable	20.05%	13.27%	7.05%	23.26%	16.41%
Commodities	3.14%	-10.69%	-8.29%	35.98%	13.14%
Real Estate	19.75%	5.28%	5.13%	9.71%	17.95%

## ATTACHMENT & LITIMOO DEDMANIENT HEALTH ELIND INDUIT WODVCHEET (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Diversification	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2013 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2012 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2011 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG 31, 2010 \$ IN MILLIONS
All Equity	\$1,113.3	\$1,014.9	\$976.2	\$992.7	\$905.4
All Fixed Income					
All Cash & Short Term Securities	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$-
All Other Investments					
	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2014				
Fund Contributions	\$-	•			
Fund Distributions	(\$48.0)				
Internal Investment Expenses:					
Direct	\$0.5				
Indirect	\$0.6				
External Investment Expenses:	\$-				
Total Investment Expense	\$1.1				
Allocation from GEF	\$2.8				
Total Expense	\$3.9	Investment exp	pense is made up of audit fees.	of investment mana	agement fees,
	YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014				
Percentage of Assets Externally Managed	95.70%				

<sup>(1)</sup> As of March 1, 2001, the PHF and LTF purchased units in the newly created General Endowment Fund (GEF) in exchange for their contribution of investment assets. The GEF, established by the Board of Regents effective March 1, 2001, is a pooled fund for the collective investment of long-term funds under the control and management of the Board. The GEF is organized as a mutual fund in which the PHF and LTF are the only unitholders. As of August 31, 2014, the PHF had a 13.37% ownership of the GEF. The retuns by asset class for the GEF for fiscal year 2014 are shown above. As of August 31, 2014, the Fund owned 4,391,601 GEF units representing an ownership percentage of 13.37%, compared to 4,593,854 GEF units representing an ownership percentage of 13.72% as of August 31, 2013.

## ATTACHMENT 7. COMPTROLLER - TOBACCO SETTLEMENT PERMANENT TRUST FUND INPUT WORKSHEET

MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014 \$2,357.6

**Total Fund** 

**FISCAL YEAR** FISCAL YEAR

	FISCAL VEAD	FISCAL VEAD	FISCAL VEAD	FISCAL VEAD	
Total Fund	11.96%	11.06%	N/A	N/A	
	GROSS FUND RETURN	GROSS FUND RETURN	RETURN (EX CASH)	RETURN (EX CASH)	
	WEIGHTED	ADJUSTED	<b>GROSS FUND</b>	<b>GROSS FUND</b>	
	2014 TIME	BENCHMARK	WEIGHTED	ADJUSTED	
	FISCAL YEAR	2014	2014 TIME	BENCHMARK	
		FISCAL TEAK	FISCAL TEAK	2014	

	FISCAL YEAR 2014	FISCAL YEAR 2013	FISCAL YEAR 2012	FISCAL YEAR 2011	FISCAL YEAR 2010
Gross Return - Total Fund	11.96%	7.89%	2.82%	10.47%	7.27%
Gross Return - Equity	19.28%	20.68%	7.60%	13.70%	6.73%
% of Domestic Equity Internally Managed	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Rate of Return for Internally Managed	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
% of Domestic Equity Externally Managed	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Rate of Return for Externally Managed	19.28%	20.68%	7.60%	13.70%	6.73%
Gross Return- Fixed Income	5.58%	-0.51%	5.41%	3.17%	10.98%
Gross Return - Cash & Short-term	0.07%	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%
Gross Return - All Other					
Gross Return - Alternative Fixed Income	8.87%	3.08%	0.24%	5.60%	6.69%
Gross Return - Equity Hedge	9.70%	10.99%	-0.78%	8.09%	0.06%
Gross Return Non-marketable - Private Debt	13.13%	13.15%	7.23%		
Gross Return - Non-marketable - Private Equity	20.66%	12.38%	8.77%	18.84%	16.68%
Gross Return - Non-marketable - Real Estate - Enhanced	19.92%	11.55%	6.82%	19.99%	-17.49%
Gross Return - Non-marketable - Real Estate - Stable	12.58%	9.64%	3.37%	7.35%	-2.59%
Gross Return - Natural Resources	0.66%	-9.27%	-7.16%	42.29%	14.43%
Gross Returns - Inflation Linked Bonds	12.02%	-3.83%	4.33%		
Gross Returns - All Asset Strategies	9.95%	-2.29%			

ATTACHMENT 7. COMPTROLLER - TOBACCO SETTLEMENT PERMANENT TRUST FUND INPUT WORKSHEET (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Diversification	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2013 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2012 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2011 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2010 \$ IN MILLIONS
All Equity	\$347.7	\$362.7	\$295.2	\$561.6	\$500.3
All Fixed Income	\$173.9	\$176.6	\$201.1	\$310.5	\$436.7
All Cash & Short Term Securities	\$85.4	\$51.5	\$18.7	\$19.6	\$75.5
All Other Investments	\$1,750.6	\$1,567.0	\$1,537.5	\$1,159.8	\$895.6
Alternative Fixed Income	\$383.5	\$397.5	\$366.5	\$429.9	\$416.6
Equity Hedge	\$480.4	\$432.1	\$427.2	\$214.5	\$163.3
Non-marketable - Private Debt	\$171.9	\$116.4	\$106.4		
Non-marketable - Private Equity	\$244.5	\$221.0	\$197.7	\$228.5	\$173.1
Non-marketable - Real Estate - Enhanced	\$135.7	\$129.7	\$111.3	\$96.3	\$63.9
Non-marketable - Real Estate - Stable	\$104.9	\$88.9	\$65.5	\$62.4	\$40.3
Natural Resources	\$125.5	\$128.4	\$155.0	\$128.2	\$38.4
Inflation Linked Bonds	\$18.0	\$17.9	\$18.4		
All Asset Strategies	\$86.2	\$35.1	\$89.5		
Totals:	\$2,357.6	\$2,157.8	\$2,052.5	\$2,051.5	\$1,908.1
	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2014				
Fund Contributions		_			
Fund Distributions	\$50,000,000.00				
Internal Investment Expenses:					
Direct	\$4,471,113.72				
Indirect					
External Investment Expenses:	\$1,707,653.46				
Total Investment Expenses:	\$6,178,767.18				
	YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014				
Percentage of Assets Externally Managed	100.0%	-			

#### ATTACHMENT 8. TEXAS GUARANTEED TUITION PLAN FUND INPUT WORKSHEET

MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014 \$ IN MILLIONS \$1,074.5

**Total Fund** 

**FISCAL YEAR** FISCAL YEAR **FISCAL YEAR** 2014 **FISCAL YEAR** 2014 **2014 TIME BENCHMARK ADJUSTED 2014 TIME** FISCAL YEAR **BENCHMARK** WEIGHTED WEIGHTED **2014 TIME ADJUSTED GROSS FUND GROSS FUND GROSS FUND** WEIGHTED NET **GROSS FUND RETURN (EX RETURN (EX** RETURN **FUND RETURN** RETURN CASH) CASH) **Total Fund** 8.5% 8.3% 7.9% 10.6% 9.9% **FISCAL YEAR** FISCAL YEAR FISCAL YEAR **FISCAL YEAR** FISCAL YEAR 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 **Gross Return - Total Fund** 8.5 5.2 7.3 9.0 5.7 **Gross Return - Equity** 21.3 18.1 10.9 11.6 5.6 % of Domestic Equity Internally N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Managed Rate of Return for Internally N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Managed % of Domestic Equity Externally 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% Managed Rate of Return for Externally 24.6 19.5 17.0 22.0 5.6 Managed 10.9 **Gross Return-Fixed Income** 5.9 0.2 8.6 4.9 Gross Return - Cash & Short-term 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.1 1.9 Gross Return - All Other N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A MARKET MARKET VALUE **VALUE OF MARKET VALUE** MARKET VALUE MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR **FUND YEAR** OF FUND YEAR OF FUND YEAR OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. ENDING AUG. ENDING AUG. **ENDING AUG. ENDING AUG. 31,** 31, 2014 \$ IN 31, 2013 \$ IN 31, 2012 \$ IN 31, 2011 \$ IN 2010 \$ IN **Portfolio Diversification MILLIONS** MILLIONS MILLIONS **MILLIONS MILLIONS All Equity** \$295.8 \$293.3 \$397.1 \$549.3 \$699.3 **All Fixed Income** \$589.6 \$648.9 \$705.0 \$577.2 \$453.3 All Cash & Short Term Securities \$189.0 \$224.7 \$172.7 \$207.8 \$198.1 All Other Investments \$-\$-Totals: \$1,074.5 \$1,166.9 \$1,274.8 \$1,334.3 \$1,350.8

## ATTACHMENT 8. TEXAS GUARANTEED TUITION PLAN FUND INPUT WORKSHEET (CONTINUED)

	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2014
Fund Contributions:	
Prepaid Tuition Contract Payments (Net of Refunds of Principal)	(\$6,438,498)
Application Fees & Other Income	\$487,588
Changes in Future Contract Collections	(\$10,850,125)
Investment Income	\$90,787,592
Total Fund Contributions	\$73,986,557
Fund Distributions:	
Tuition Payments to Colleges	\$154,189,171
Administrative Expenses	\$1,589,426
Changes in Actuarial Future Contract Benefits	(\$147,916,571)
Refunds to Contract Purchasers	\$19,733,805
Total Fund Distributions	\$27,595,831
Internal Investment Expenses:	
Direct	-
Indirect	-
External Investment Expenses:	\$2,065,071
Total Investment Expenses:	\$2,065,071
Change in Net Assets	\$44,325,655
Percentage of Assets Externally Managed	YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014
	100.0%

## ATTACHMENT 9. COMPTROLLER - PERMANENT PUBLIC HEALTH FUND INPUT WORKSHEET

MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014

**Total Fund** \$343.2

	FISCAL YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND RETURN	FISCAL YEAR 2014 BENCHMARK ADJUSTED GROSS FUND RETURN	FISCAL YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND RETURN (EX CASH)	FISCAL YEAR 2014 BENCHMARK ADJUSTED GROSS FUND RETURN (EX CASH)	
Total Fund	11.28%	11.06%	N/A	N/A	
	FISCAL YEAR 2014	FISCAL YEAR 2013	FISCAL YEAR 2012	FISCAL YEAR 2011	FISCAL YEAR 2010
Gross Return - Total Fund	11.28%	8.17%	2.80%	10.60%	7.28%
Gross Return - Equity	19.28%	20.68%	7.60%	13.70%	6.73%
% of Domestic Equity Internally Managed	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Rate of Return for Internally Managed	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
% of Domestic Equity Externally Managed	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Rate of Return for Externally Managed	19.28%	20.68%	7.60%	13.70%	6.73%
Gross Return- Fixed Income	5.58%	-0.51%	5.41%	3.17%	10.98%
Gross Return - Cash & Short-term	0.07%	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%
Gross Return - All Other					
Gross Return - Alternative Fixed Income	8.87%	3.08%	0.24%	5.60%	6.69%
Gross Return - Equity Hedge	9.70%	10.99%	-0.78%	8.09%	0.06%
Gross Return Non-marketable - Private Debt	14.10%	15.07%	7.23%		
Gross Return - Non-marketable - Private Equity	19.48%	13.87%	8.66%	18.36%	16.96%
Gross Return - Non-marketable - Real Estate - Enhanced	20.66%	11.78%	6.82%	19.99%	-17.49%
Gross Return - Non-marketable - Real Estate - Stable Return	12.01%	11.06%	3.37%	7.35%	-2.59%
Gross Return - Natural Resources	0.68%	-9.27%	-7.16%	42.29%	14.43%
Gross Returns - Inflation Linked Bonds	12.02%	-3.83%	4.33%		
Gross Returns - All Asset Strategies	10.11%	-2.96%			

ATTACHMENT 9. COMPTROLLER - PERMANENT PUBLIC HEALTH FUND INPUT WORKSHEET (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Diversification	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2013 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2012 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2011 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2010 \$ IN MILLIONS
All Equity	\$58.4	\$61.4	\$58.3	\$114.9	\$106.6
All Fixed Income	\$29.2	\$29.9	\$39.8	\$63.0	\$90.0
All Cash & Short Term Securities	\$12.1	\$8.4	\$3.3	\$3.9	\$16.0
All Other Investments	\$243.5	\$271.7	\$307.0	\$244.7	\$192.7
Alternative Fixed Income	\$64.4	\$67.3	\$72.4	\$88.0	\$86.8
Equity Hedge	\$80.6	\$73.1	\$84.4	\$43.9	\$34.0
Non-marketable - Private Debt	\$11.6	\$17.1	\$18.9		
Non-marketable - Private Equity	\$26.0	\$44.0	\$42.6	\$52.4	\$40.4
Non-marketable - Real Estate - Enhanced	\$13.5	\$23.6	\$22.7	\$20.6	\$14.0
Non-marketable - Real Estate - Stable	\$10.2	\$16.9	\$14.2	\$13.6	\$8.8
Natural Resources	\$21.0	\$21.7	\$30.6	\$26.2	\$8.7
Inflation Linked Bonds	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.6		
All Asset Strategies	\$13.2	\$5.0	\$17.6		
Totals:	\$343.2	\$371.4	\$408.4	\$426.5	\$405.3

	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2014
Fund Contributions	
Fund Distributions Total	\$65,165,847.96
Fund Distributions for Public Health	\$12,629,318.96
Fund Distributions CPRIT Debt Service	\$52,536,529.00
Internal Investment Expenses:	
Direct	\$694,053.21
Indirect	
External Investment Expenses:	\$265,145.14
Total Investment Expenses:	\$959,198.35
	YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014
Percentage of Assets Externally Managed	100.0%

## ATTACHMENT 10. COMPTROLLER - NATIONAL RESEARCH UNIVERSITY FUND INPUT WORKSHEET

MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014

**Total Fund** 

\$683.3

	FISCAL YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND RETURN	FISCAL YEAR 2014 BENCHMARK ADJUSTED GROSS FUND RETURN	FISCAL YEAR 2014 TIME WEIGHTED GROSS FUND RETURN (EX CASH)	FISCAL YEAR 2014 BENCHMARK ADJUSTED GROSS FUND RETURN (EX CASH)
Total Fund	11.60%	11.06%	N/A	N/A
	FISCAL YEAR 2014	FISCAL YEAR 2013	FISCAL YEAR 2012	FISCAL YEAR 2011
Gross Return - Total Fund	11.60%	7.84%	2.61%	10.02%
Gross Return - Equity	19.28%	20.68%	7.60%	13.70%
% of Domestic Equity Internally Managed	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Rate of Return for Internally Managed	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
% of Domestic Equity Externally Managed	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Rate of Return for Externally Managed	19.28%	20.68%	7.60%	13.70%
Gross Return- Fixed Income	5.58%	-0.51%	5.41%	3.17%
Gross Return - Cash & Short-term	0.07%	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%
Gross Return - All Other				
Gross Return - Alternative Fixed Income	8.87%	3.08%	0.24%	5.60%
Gross Return - Equity Hedge	9.70%	10.99%	-0.78%	8.09%
Gross Return Non-marketable - Private Debt	13.06%	12.88%	7.23%	
Gross Return - Non-marketable - Private Equity	18.42%	13.93%	8.66%	18.36%
Gross Return - Non-marketable - Real Estate - Enhanced	19.78%	11.52%	6.82%	19.99%
Gross Return - Non-marketable - Real Estate - Stable Return	12.85%	9.52%	3.37%	7.35%
Gross Return - Natural Resources	0.66%	-9.27%	-7.16%	42.29%
Gross Returns - Inflation Linked Bonds	12.02%	-3.83%	4.33%	
Gross Returns - All Asset Strategies	9.97%	-2.27%	N/A	

ATTACHMENT 10. COMPTROLLER - NATIONAL RESEARCH UNIVERSITY FUND INPUT WORKSHEET (CONTINUED)

Portfolio Diversification	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2013 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2012 \$ IN MILLIONS	MARKET VALUE OF FUND YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2011 \$ IN MILLIONS
All Equity	\$104.4	\$110.2	\$90.3	\$171.1
All Fixed Income	\$52.2	\$53.7	\$61.5	\$94.4
All Cash & Short Term Securities	\$24.7	\$15.1	\$5.2	\$5.3
All Other Investments	\$502.0	\$451.3	\$445.9	\$334.5
Alternative Fixed Income	\$115.1	\$120.8	\$112.0	\$131.0
Equity Hedge	\$144.2	\$131.3	\$130.6	\$65.4
Non-marketable - Private Debt	\$47.8	\$31.2	\$27.7	
Non-marketable - Private Equity	\$63.2	\$57.3	\$51.6	\$60.2
Non-marketable - Real Estate - Enhanced	\$35.3	\$33.1	\$27.8	\$23.6
Non-marketable - Real Estate - Stable	\$27.6	\$22.7	\$16.1	\$15.2
Natural Resources	\$37.7	\$39.0	\$47.4	\$39.1
Inflation Linked Bonds	\$5.4	\$5.4	\$5.6	
All Asset Strategies	\$25.7	\$10.5	\$27.1	
Totals:	\$683.3	\$630.3	\$602.9	\$605.3
	TOTAL FISCAL YEAR 2014			
Fund Contributions				
Fund Distributions	\$17,631,613.66			
Internal Investment Expenses:				
Direct	1,297,643.44			
Indirect				
External Investment Expenses:	495,758.32			
Total Investment Expenses:	1,793,401.76			
	YEAR ENDING AUG. 31, 2014			
Percentage of Assets Externally Managed	100.0%			